



H.B. 463

124th General Assembly
(As Introduced)

Reps. Trakas, Carey, Britton, Fessler, Perry, Hartnett, DeWine, Hagan, Metzger, Evans, Seitz, D. Miller, Latta, Kearns, Husted, Oakar, Strahorn, Hollister, Schmidt, Lendrum, Krupinski, Calvert, Roman, Schaffer, Faber

BILL SUMMARY

- For members of the National Guard or of a reserve component of the United States Armed Forces who have been called to active or other duty under Operation Enduring Freedom, Operation Noble Eagle, or the Governor's directive of September 28, 2001, extends the time within which taxes and assessments charged against real property or mobile or manufactured homes must be paid.
- Requires that the county treasurer enter into a contract, in the same manner and under the same terms as a delinquent tax contract, with the member or the member's spouse or parent for payment of the taxes and assessments in installments.

CONTENT AND OPERATION

Property that qualifies for a tax payment extension

(Section 1(A))

The bill's tax extension payment provision specifically applies to any real property or mobile or manufactured home that is owned by (1) a member of the National Guard or of a reserve component of the Armed Forces of the United States who is called to active or other duty under Operation Enduring Freedom, Operation Noble Eagle, or the directive issued by Governor Taft on September 28, 2001, or a successor to that directive, (2) the spouse of such a member, (3) such a member jointly with that member's spouse or dependent parent, or (4) the

dependent parent of such a member who dies during such duty or as the result of wounds or illness incurred during such duty.¹

Who may apply for the extension

(Section 1(B))

The member, spouse or parent of the member, or a person authorized by the member to act on the member's behalf, may apply to the county treasurer for an extension for the payment of taxes and assessments charged against the real property or mobile or manufactured home and payable during the period of the member's duty and the six months ensuing termination thereof. Application must be made not later than the last day of the sixth month after the month in which the member's duty terminates. The applicant must provide evidence satisfactory to the county treasurer to demonstrate eligibility for the extension.

Contract requirements

(Section 1(B))

If the county treasurer determines that the applicant qualifies for an extension under the bill, the treasurer is required to enter into a contract with the applicant for payment of the taxes and assessments in installments, in the same manner as, and subject to the same terms and conditions of, delinquent tax contracts. (Existing law permits a person who owns agricultural real property or owns and occupies residential real property or a manufactured or mobile home to have at least one opportunity to pay delinquent or unpaid current taxes charged against the property. To do so, the person must enter into a delinquent tax contract that provides for the payment of taxes in specific installments over a period not to exceed five years.)

Taxes and assessments, payment of which has been extended under the bill, do not constitute delinquent taxes and cannot be placed on the delinquent land list and duplicate or delinquent manufactured home tax list, notwithstanding existing laws regarding when property is placed on delinquent tax lists or delinquent land lists or duplicates, when it is subject to penalties and interest, and how delinquent taxes are paid for real property and mobile or manufactured homes. But if the contract becomes void, and a new contract is not entered into pursuant to the delinquent tax contract law, those existing laws do apply.

¹ A "dependent parent" is a parent who, at the time the member was activated, received from the member at least half of the dependent parent's support, including food, shelter, clothing, and medical and dental care.

Tax payments through mortgage companies, other agents

(Section 1(C))

If a member, or a spouse or parent of a member, qualifies for the bill's extension, and that member, spouse, or parent has designated an agent for the payment of taxes and assessments that has been extended, that agent is prohibited from requiring the member, spouse, or parent to pay to the agent any such taxes and assessments for the period for which payment is extended. If those taxes or assessments are paid by the member, spouse, or parent to an agent as part of a mortgage loan installment payment, the agent must deduct the portion of the payment that represents such taxes and assessments from the amount of each such payment payable during the period of extension.

No penalties or interest during contract period

(Section 1(D))

Notwithstanding existing laws regarding the payment of penalties and interest for failure to pay real estate taxes and installments and manufactured home taxes when due, if payment of taxes and assessments on real property or a mobile or manufactured home has been extended under the bill, no penalties or interest can be charged against that property for the period running from the payment due date to the last day of the sixth month after the month in which the member's duty terminates.² If the member, or the member's spouse or parent has not entered into a contract pursuant to the bill before the first day of the seventh month after the month in which the member's duty terminates, penalties and interest must be charged against any unpaid balance in accordance with existing law, but interest accrues only on the balance remaining unpaid on that date.

Notice regarding the extension

(Section 1(E))

Notwithstanding the information and notices that are required by existing law to appear in a tax bill, county treasurers must include a notice of, and information about, the extension provided by the bill, on or with real property or manufactured home tax bills mailed or delivered under existing law.

² For real property taxes, existing law requires that the full amount be paid on or before December 31, or 1/2 of the current taxes together with delinquent taxes before that date, and the remaining 1/2 on or before the following June 20. For manufactured home taxes, 1/2 of the tax is due on or before March 1 and the balance is due on or before July 31, or the tax for the entire year may be paid in full on March 1.

HISTORY

ACTION	DATE	JOURNAL ENTRY
Introduced	01-03-02	p. 1185

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