villages.

State Revenue Distributions	Main Operating Appropriations Bill			H. B. 49
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Passed by the Senate	As Enacted	
Requires county auditors to report to the Tax Commissioner the LGF amounts distributed to each political subdivision in the previous year, and allows the Commissioner to withhold future LGF payments from the county if the county does not report the required information.	No provision.	No provision.	No provision.	
Eliminates the current law LGF distribution formula, which is generally based on each CULGF's share of LGF money in 2013, and which included separate direct payments to municipal corporations.	No provision.	No provision.	No provision.	
Freezes the direct payments to municipalities that will be made between July and December of 2017 at 2016 levels, and continues the set-aside for townships and small villages between July and December 2017. Continues current law	No provision.	No provision.	No provision.	

distributions during the first half of FY 2018 otherwise.

State Revenue Distributions	Main Operating Appropriations Bill					H. B. 49
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Passe	d by the Senate	As Enac	ted	
Fiscal effect: Maintains the existing law funding percentage for the LGF. In each month, LGF receives 1.66% of total GRF tax revenue collected during the preceding month. Compared with current law, certain political subdivisions may receive less while others may receive more distributions from the LGF beginning in January 2018. Generally, subdivisions having relatively low taxraising capacity would receive relatively more money for a given population level.	million set aside for townships and small villages established in uncodified law by Am. Sub. H.B. 64 of the 131st G.A. The set aside effectively reduces amounts distributed to municipalities that levy an income tax and correspondingly increases amounts distributed to small villages and townships.		fect: Same as the House.	Fiscal e	ffect: Same as the House.	
RDFCD9 Distribution of LGF money to supp	ort opioid addiction treatment and law enforce	ement				
		R.C.	313.132, 5747.503, and	R.C.	313.132, 5747.503, and	

Sections 291.20, 307.110, Sections 291.20, 307.110, 307.193, 333.63, 337.220, 307.193, 333.63, 337.220, 337.231, 383.10, and 757.20 383.10, and 757.20 Same as the Senate. No provision. Redirects amounts, after any other No provision. reductions required by law, that would otherwise be paid directly to municipal governments by the Department of Taxation from the LGF to a newly created fund, the Targeting Addiction Assistance Fund (Fund 5TZ0), in FY 2018 and FY 2019. No provision. No provision. Requires that moneys in Fund 5TZ0 be used Same as the Senate, with the following for the following purposes in each fiscal year changes: by the indicated agencies through the indicated appropriation items:

State Revenue Distributions	Main	Main Operating Appropriations Bill			
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Passed by the Senate	As Enacted		
(1) No provision.	(1) No provision.	(1) \$1,000,000 by the Department of Health through Fund 5TZ0 item 440621, Toxicology Screenings, to reimburse county coroners in counties in which the coroner has performed toxicology screenings on victims of a drug overdose. Specifies that a coroner must screen for the following drugs: buprenorphine, methadone, and naltrexone, if the autopsy includes a toxicological analysis. Requires the Director of Health to transfer the funds to the counties in proportion to the numbers of toxicology screenings performed per county.	(1) Same as the Senate.		
(2) No provision.	(2) No provision.	(2) \$10,000,000 by the Department of Rehabilitation and Correction through Fund 5TZ0 item 501610, Probation Improvement and Incentive Grants, to be allocated as Probation Improvement and Incentive Grants to municipalities with an emphasis on: (a) providing services to those addicted to opiates and other illegal substances, and (b) supplementing the programs and services funded by grants distributed from GRF appropriation item 501407, Community Nonresidential Programs.	(2) Same as the Senate, but allocates \$5 million instead of \$10 million.		
(3) No provision.	(3) No provision. (See MHACD11)	(3) \$6,000,000 by the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services through Fund 5TZ0 item 336600, Substance Abuse Stabilization Centers, to be allocated to boards of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services. Requires the boards to use their allocations to establish and administer, in collaboration with the other	(3) Same as the Senate.		
State Revenue Distributions		4	Prepared by the Legislative Service Commission		

State Revenue Distributions	Main Operating Appropriations Bill				
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Passed by the Senate	As Enacted		
		boards that serve the same state psychiatric hospital region, acute substance use disorder stabilization centers. Specifies that one center must be located in each state psychiatric hospital region. Requires ODMHAS to conduct an analysis of each center and to submit findings to the Governor and the General Assembly.			
(4) No provision.	(4) No provision. (See JFSCD7)	(4) \$150,000 by the Department of Job and Family Services through Fund 5TZ0 item 600674, Children's Crisis Care, to be allocated to children's crisis care facilities. Requires the Director of Job and Family Services to allocate funding based on the number of children at each facility. Specifies that a children's crisis care facility may decline to receive such funding. Requires a children's crisis care facility that accepts such funding to use the funds in accordance with section 5103.13 of the Revised Code and the rules as defined in rule 5101:2-9-36 of the Administrative Code.	(4) Same as the Senate.		
(5) No provision.	(5) No provision.	(5) \$500,000 by the Department of Medicaid through Fund 5TZ0 item 651600, Brigid's Path Pilot, and in consultation with the Department of Job and Family Services and the Department of Health, to develop a pilot program under which newborns who have neonatal abstinence syndrome are, after being medically stabilized at a hospital, transferred to a nonhospital, community facility that is located in Montgomery County and provides the newborns medical,	(5) Same as the Senate.		
State Revenue Distributions		5	Prepared by the Legislative Service Commission		

State Revenue Distributions	N	lain Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 49
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Passed by the Senate	As Enacted
		pharmacological, and therapeutic services specified by the departments. Requires the departments to begin operation of the pilot program not later than 90 days after the effective date of this bill and must cease operation of the pilot program on July 1, 2018. Specifies that not later than 90 days after the date the pilot program ends, the departments must jointly complete a report about the pilot program and submit the report to the General Assembly. Specifies that the report must include recommendations for making the pilot program statewide and part of the Medicaid program.	
No provision.	No provision.	No provision.	(6) \$5,000,000 by the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services through Fund 5TZ0 item 336643, ADAMHS Boards. Requires the funding to be used in conjunction with the \$2 million per fiscal year allocation in GRF line item 336421, Continuum of Care Services, and be distributed to alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services boards in accordance with a specified methodology.

State Revenue Distributions		Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 49
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Passed by the Senate	As Enacted
		Fiscal effect: Decreases the amount of available moneys that would be paid directly from the LGF to certain municipalities that levied an income tax by up to \$17.65 million in each of FY 2018 and FY 2019 and correspondingly increases funding to the new fund, the Targeting Addiction Assistance Fund (Fund 5TZ0) by the same amounts.	Fiscal effect: Redirects all available moneys that would be paid directly from the LGF to certain municipalities that levied an income tax in FY 2018 and FY 2019 and correspondingly increases funding to the new fund, the Targeting Addiction Assistance Fund (Fund 5TZ0) by the same amounts. Allocates \$17.65 million from Fund 5TZ0 to various opioid addiction treatment and law enforcement programs.
RDFCD8 Public Library Fund			
		Sections: 387.10, 387.20	Sections: 387.10, 387.20
No provision.	No provision.	Requires the Director of Budget and Management to credit 1.68% of the total tax revenue credited to the General Revenue Fund during the preceding month to the Public Library Fund (Fund 7065) in each month during fiscal year 2018 and fiscal year 2019, instead of 1.66% as specified under division (B) of section 131.51 of the Revised Code.	Same as the Senate.
		Fiscal effect: Increases total GRF tax revenue that will be deposited into the PLF by \$4.5 million in FY 2018 and \$4.6 million in FY 2019. The increased funding to the PLF has the effect of decreasing GRF revenue by corresponding amounts.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Senate.

such transfers.

these costs.

manufactured home property tax rollback, and the property tax rollback. Appropriates any additional amount needed to fully fund

te Revenue Distributions	М	ain Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 4
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Passed by the Senate	As Enacted
RDFCD6 Medicaid Local Sales Tax Transition	on Fund		
Sections: 387.20, 512.50	Sections: 387.20, 512.50	Sections: 387.20, 512.50	Sections: 387.20, 512.50, and 512.27
Creates the Medicaid Local Sales Tax Transition Fund (Fund 7104) in the State Treasury. Specifies that the fund is to consist of money transferred to it and that the fund be used to mitigate the effects of, and assist in the adjustment to, the reduced sales tax revenues of counties and affected transit authorities caused by the repeal of sales tax collected by Medicaid health insuring corporation on health care service transactions.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Specifies that transition payments use the counties' and transit authorities' annualized Medicaid sales tax revenues during the calendar years 2015 and 2016 and that payments consist of two parts: (a) full replacement of the calculated foregone Medicaid sales tax revenue in CY 2017, which will occur during the period from October 2017 through December 2017 and (b) payments that reflect a computation of the ability of the counties and transit authorities to reasonably adjust to the effects of foregone Medicaid sales tax revenues.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Requires all counties and affected transit authorities, if the Tax Commissioner orders	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive, but specifies that the total amounts of the payments to	Same as the Senate.
e Revenue Distributions	•	10	Prepared by the Legislative Service Commissi

tate Revenue Distributions	Main Operating Appropriations Bill		
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Passed by the Senate	As Enacted
cessation of collection of sales and use tax on transactions of Medicaid health insuring corporations, by October 15, 2017, to establish a County and Transit Authority Medicaid Sales Tax Transition Fund to receive transition payments from the state. Specifies the amount that is to be paid to each county and affected transit authority. Requires the Tax Commissioner, by November 1, 2017, to pay the amount specified in the bill to each county and transit authority.		counties and transit authorities will be made in two equal payments, the first one-half to be paid by November 1, 2017 and the second one-half to be paid in January 2018.	
Fiscal effect: Appropriates \$207 million from FY 2017 GRF ending balance, if the Director of Budget and Management determines that sufficient GRF revenue is available, to Fund 7104 item 110997, Medicaid Local Sales Tax Transition Fund, for these payments. Of the \$207 million, about \$49 million is deemed by the executive as a direct replacement for lost local FY 2017 revenue and the remaining \$158 million is to be distributed according to the formulas that are based on the ability of each county and transit authority to adjust to the effects of foregone Medicaid sales tax revenues. The dollar amounts to be distributed to each county from the appropriation are specified in Section 387.20 of the bill.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive, though with a difference in the timing of payments.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Senate, but the funding would come from a transfer of \$207 million from unclaimed funds to Fund 7104, or from a transfer of \$200 million from the Health and Human Services Fund (Fund 5SA4), instead of from the FY 2017 GRF ending balance (see OBMCD31 and OBMCD45).

State Revenue Distributions		Main Operating Appropriations Bill		
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Passed by the Senate	As Enacted	
RDFCD7 Municipal Income Net Profits Tax				
Section: 387.20	Section: 387.20	Section: 387.20	Section: 387.20	
Specifies that FID Fund 7095 appropriation item 110995, Municipal Income Net Profits Tax, be used to make payments to municipal corporations under Section 5745.05 of the Revised Code. Appropriates additional amounts that are necessary to make payments.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.	

e Revenue Distributions		Main Operating Appropriations Bill				
Executive	As Passed by the Ho	use As Pa	ssed by the Senate	As Ena	icted	
EPACD28 **VETOED** LGF penalty for municipal water and sewer actions						
	R.C. 5747.504, Section 80	<i>5747.51, 5747.53,</i> R.C.	5747.504, 5747.51, 5747. Section 803.210	53, R.C.	5747.504, 5747.51, 5747.53, Section 803.210	
(1) No provision.	[***VETOED: (1) Penal corporation that does plan to equalize water that does not charge that	not timely publish a and sewer rates and he same sewer and its and nonresidents Government Fund 0% until such time as es the same sewer	me as the House.	(1) San	ne as the House.	
(2) No provision.	sewer services to anotherritory, annexation, of municipal corporation providing such services any requirement not responsible or that (b) withdraws of withdraw service for the to make such payment conditions. Withholds the municipality no longer than the such payment conditions.	rporation that: (a) on of providing water or ther subdivision's direct payments to the not related to es, or compliance with elated to the services, or threatens to ne subdivision's failure tts or comply with such LGF payments until nger imposes those withheld LGF revenue ed by the municipal and sewer-related	ame as the House.	(2) San	ne as the House.	

State Revenue Distributions	Main Oper	Main Operating Appropriations Bill				
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Passed by the Senate	As Enacted			
	that operates a municipal water or sewerage system serving nonresidents and residents of the municipal corporation and having a population of over 700,000 as determined by the most recent federal decennial census.***					
(3) No provision.	[***VETOED: (3) Requires the Director of the Ohio EPA to send letters to subdivisions affected by any action described in (2) above explaining the process for creating a regional water and sewer district.***]	(3) Same as the House.	(3) Same as the House.			
	Fiscal effect: Currently, the provision applies only to the City of Columbus. The estimated amount of LGF funding that would be withheld from the City of Columbus is about \$4.4 million per year. The state allocated about \$22 million from the LGF to the City of Columbus in CY 2015. Actual penalties would depend on its LGF allocations in future years. The provision may also minimally increase the Department of Taxation's administrative expenses related to LGF distributions.	Fiscal effect: Same as the House.	Fiscal effect: Same as the House.			

te Revenue Distributions	Main O	perating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 49
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Passed by the Senate	As Enacted
MCDCD39 **PARTIALLY VETOED** Health	h insuring corporation franchise fee		
R.C. 5168.75, 5168.76-5168.86	R.C. 5168.75, 5168.76-5168.86	R.C. 5168.75, 5168.76-5168.86	R.C. 5168.75, 5168.76-5168.86
Levies a monthly franchise fee on health insuring corporations beginning July 2017.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive, but levies the fee on health insuring corporation plans instead of health insuring corporations.	Same as the Senate.
Sets the rate for each Ohio Medicaid member month, that is a month in which an Ohio Medicaid recipient is enrolled in the health insuring corporation, equal to: (1) \$56 for the first 250,000 Medicaid member months; (2) \$45 for the second 250,000 Medicaid member months; (3) \$26 for each Medicaid member month above 500,000.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive, but instead of setting the rates, requires ODM to use those rates to determine the amount of the fee as part of the process of determining the annual capitated payment rates to be paid Medicaid MCOs.	Same as the Senate, [***VETOED: but requires the ODM Director to seek federal approval to increase the franchise fee in a manner that provides for the franchise fee to raise up to an additional \$207 million each fiscal year beginning not sooner than FY 2019 and ending by the close of FY 2024 and specifies the additional funds raised be distributed to each county and transit authority that experiences reduced sales tax revenues due to the cessation of the sales tax on Medicaid health insuring corporations.***]
Sets the rate for each other Ohio member month, that is a month in which an Ohio resident who is not a Medicaid recipient is enrolled in the health insuring corporation, equal to: (1) \$2 for the first 150,000 other member months; (2) \$1 for all other member months above 150,000.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive, but [***VETOED: requires the ODM Director to seek federal approval to increase the franchise fee in conjunction with the fee for Medicaid member months as provided above.***]
Requires each health insuring corporation, beginning in August 2017, to do both of the following not later than the fifth business day of each month: (1) inform ODM of the	Same as the Executive.	Replaces the Executive provision with a provision that: (1) makes the portion of the fee based on Medicaid member months due not later than the fifth business day of the	Same as the Senate.
e Revenue Distributions		15	Prepared by the Legislative Service Commiss

ate Revenue Distributions Executive	Main Operating Appropriations Bill		H. B. 4
	As Passed by the House	As Passed by the Senate	As Enacted
cumulative total number of Medicaid member months and other member months the health insuring corporation experienced and (2) pay to ODM the amount of its fee for the immediately preceding month.		month immediately following the month for which it is imposed and (2) requires the total portion of the fee based on other member months to be paid in one payment due not later than the last day of each September.	
Permits ODM to request that a health insuring corporation provide ODM documentation needed to verify the health insuring corporation's cumulative total number of Medicaid member months and other member months.	Same as the Executive.	Replaces the Executive provision with a provision that permits ODM to request that a health insuring corporation provide ODM documentation needed to verify the amount of the fees imposed on the plans administered by the corporation and to ensure the corporation's compliance with state law governing the fees.	Same as the Senate.
Fiscal effect: ODM estimates that the fee will be charged on approximately 30.8 million Medicaid member months and 2.7 million other member months per year, raising an annual \$854 million and \$4 million, respectively. Medicaid MCOs will be reimbursed \$854 million for their payments, of which approximately \$243 million will be state share and \$611 million will be federal share. On net, therefore, the state will realize a gain of \$615 million in annual revenue. This new franchise fee is intended to replace the current sales and use tax on the Medicaid managed care organization payments which the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) deemed an impermissible health care tax. CMS gave Ohio until June 30, 2017 to comply.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive, but also potential gain in revenue of \$207 million each year after FY 2019 and potential increase in funding to counties of \$207 million each year after FY 2019.