
Executive

1 COS - 1 Cosmetology License Restoration**R.C. 4713.63**

Requires a person who wishes to restore an expired license to pay additional fees including the current renewal fee, any applicable late fees, and a lapsed renewal fee of \$45 per renewal period that has elapsed since the license was last issued or renewed, and specifies that the lapsed renewal fee must be deposited into the GRF.

Removes a requirement that a person wishing to restore an expired instructor license complete continuing education requirements. Specifies that a person wishing to renew a practicing or managing license that has been expired for more than two consecutive renewal periods must complete eight hours of continuing education for each license renewal period that has elapsed since the license was last issued or renewed, up to a maximum of twenty-four hours, and specifies that at least four of those hours must include a course pertaining to sanitation and safety methods.

Removes an existing requirement that a person wishing to renew a practicing or managing license that has been expired for more than two years retake and pass a licensure examination.

Fiscal effect: Increase in revenue to the GRF and to Fund 4K90 for license reinstatement fees. There are currently 136,843 licenses in lapsed status.

2 COS - 2 Maximum Fines**R.C. 4713.64**

Increases the maximum fines that the State Board of Cosmetology may impose for specified offenses, from \$100 to \$500 for a first offense, from \$500 to \$1,000 for a second offense, and from \$1,000 to \$1,500 for a third and any additional offenses.

Fiscal effect: Potential increase in fine revenue to Fund 4K90. The additional fine intake from first offenses alone is expected to be approximately \$40,000 annually.

Executive

3 DAS - 14 Central Service Agency Consolidation Initiative

R.C. 125.22, 207.10.90

Requires that the Central Service Agency (CSA) of DAS, in consultation with the Office of Budget and Management (OBM), review the support services CSA performs for the specified state agencies, the fiscal conditions of those agencies, and make recommendations on how support services can be further consolidated to achieve administrative cost savings and efficiencies.

- (1) Adds the following boards and commissions to the list of entities for which CSA is authorized to perform support services: State Medical Board, State Board of Pharmacy, State Medical Transportation Board, Ohio Athletic Commission, Board of Motor Vehicle Collision Repair, Manufactured Homes Commission, Board of Orthotics, Prosthetics, and Pedorthics, and State Board of Career Colleges and Schools.
- (2) Authorizes CSA to initiate or deny personnel or fiscal actions for the specified state agencies if doing so would result in administrative cost savings and efficiencies.
- (4) Specifies that the bill must not be interpreted as a grant of authority to CSA to supersede or replace the boards or commissions in the performance of their respective statutory duties, or to appoint, remove, or demote the executive directors of the boards or commissions.
- (3) Authorizes CSA to require specified state agencies to enter into agreements to share office equipment, space, or other assets to the extent that such agreements would create efficiencies or savings.
- (5) Authorizes OBM to take actions made necessary by administrative reorganization for the purpose of cost savings and efficiencies.

Fiscal effect: Potential cost savings for the affected boards through the consolidation of administrative services under CSA. A portion of these savings will be offset by expected increased operating costs at CSA and the cost of conducting a review of the affected boards. (See also DAS-23, Central Service Consolidation Initiative, for related uncodified law.)
