

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

LOCCD29 City of Moraine conveyance

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. Section 753.10

Authorizes the Governor to execute a release of any and all rights of reversion for the benefit of the state and any deed restrictions and covenants with respect to the construction on or use of certain real estate located in the City of Moraine, Montgomery County, Ohio.

No provision.

No provision.

Requires the Auditor of State to prepare the release and the City of Moraine to present the release for recording in the office of the Montgomery County Recorder.

LOCCD45 Residency requirements in public improvement contracts

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 9.75, 153.013 (repealed), 5525.26 (repealed), Sections 701.120 and 701.130

Prohibits the state or a political subdivision from requiring contractors, as a condition of a prequalification process or for constructing or providing professional design services for public improvements, to employ a certain number or percentage of laborers who reside in Ohio or the political subdivision.

No provision.

No provision.

Prohibits the state or a political subdivision from providing a bid award bonus or preference to a contractor because the contractor employs a certain number or percentage of laborers who reside within Ohio or the political subdivision.

No provision.

No provision.

Eliminates current law requirements that a contractor for certain public improvement projects comply with specified political subdivision regulations or ordinances that relate to

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employment of local residents or businesses.

Fiscal effect: Potentially increases the number of eligible contractors for certain projects funded by political subdivisions or certain state agencies, including the Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT) and Ohio Facilities Construction Commission (OFCC).

LOCCD16 Political subdivision sale and leaseback agreements

R.C. 9.483

No provision.

Permits a political subdivision, notwithstanding contrary statutory limitations, to enter into a sale and leaseback agreement under which the legislative authority conveys a building to a purchaser who must lease all or portions of the building back to the legislative authority.

R.C. 9.483

Same as the House.

No provision.

Requires that such an agreement obligate the lessor to make public improvements (renovations, energy conservation measures, and other improvements that upgrade functionality and reduce operating costs) to all or leased portions of the building.

Same as the House.

Fiscal effect: Potential cost increases for lease payments offset by potential revenue gains from the sale of a building and decreased costs for the maintenance of the building.

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

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LOCCD28 Refunding general obligation debt

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 133.34

Requires the last maturity of refunding securities to be not later than the later of: (1) 30 years from the date of issuance of the original securities issued for the original purpose (as under current law); or (2) the year of the last maturity that would have been permitted for the original securities if they had been issued as general obligation securities and the law as to the maximum maturity of general obligation securities issued for the original purpose was the same at the time the original securities were issued as the law existing at the time the refunding securities are issued.

No provision.

No provision.

Expands, to any special obligation security, the types of securities a political subdivision may issue to fund or refund various types of outstanding securities. Currently, only sales tax supported securities may be issued.

No provision.

No provision.

Expands, to include sales tax supported securities, the types of securities a political subdivision may issue securities to fund or refund.

No provision.

No provision.

Specifies that special obligation securities issued to fund or refund other securities, other than sales tax supported bonds, are payable as to principal at such times and in such installments as determined by the taxing authority and not subject to the provisions of the Public Utilities Law regarding payment of principal of securities. Further specifies that the last maturity of these refunding securities may be not later than the year of last maturity permitted by law for the obligations being refunded.

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No provision.	No provision.	<p>Authorizes political subdivisions to hold in cash any money derived from the proceeds of securities issued to fund or refund other securities or obligations that is in escrow. Specifies that the political subdivision may invest such money if and to the extent authorized by the taxing authority.</p>
<p>LOCCD39 Pooling of funds for health care expenses by regional council of governments</p>		
No provision.	No provision.	<p>R.C. 167.06</p> <p>Permits a regional council of governments established to provide health care benefits to member governments' employees and the employees' dependents to pool funds received from all members of the council, including members from other states to the extent that the laws of such other states permit, for the payment of health care related claims and expenses.</p>
<p>LOCCD30 Private sources of funding for regional transit authorities</p>		
No provision.	No provision.	<p>R.C. 306.35</p> <p>Permits a regional transit authority to apply for and accept grants and loans from any private source, and to acquire real and personal property by borrowing from any federal, state, other governmental or private source.</p> <p>Fiscal effect: Expands the potential entities from which regional transit authorities may get grants and loans and receive gifts and borrow.</p>

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LOCCD38 Housing Trust Fund fees to be retained by counties

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 317.36

Requires that half of the fees collected by county recorders for the Housing Trust Fund to be retained by the county for the purpose of housing.

No provision.

No provision.

Specifies that the Housing Trust Fund moneys that counties receive must be used for various specific purposes and populations: (1) the homeless, including homeless youth, (2) people with disabilities, (3) the elderly, (4) youth in need, (5) people in recovery, and (6) people in need of alternatives to institutional settings in that county.

No provision.

No provision.

Requires the county to give preference for projects serving persons at 35% of the median income or below, in using the Housing Trust Fund money.

Fiscal effect: Significantly increases the amount of Housing Trust Fund fees to be retained by counties and used for housing programs, with a corresponding loss in revenue for state housing programs funded by the Low- and Moderate-Income Housing Trust Fund (Fund 6460). Revenue to Fund 6460 has amounted to between \$42.8 million and \$50.7 million annually over the last five complete fiscal years (FY 2010 to FY 2014). Thus this provision could result in a decrease in annual revenue to Fund 6460 by around \$21 million to \$25 million, with a corresponding increase in revenue to counties, to be used for the housing purposes as described in the bill.

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LOCCD36 Ohio veterans identification cards produced by county recorders

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 317.241, 5902.09, Section 759.20

Requires county recorders, commencing January 1, 2017, to issue veteran identification cards (valid for 10 years from issuance) to individuals who are not eligible for a federally issued veterans identification card and who have (1) presented an armed forces discharge record; (2) provided, in person at the county recorder's office, two forms of current valid identification (one must be a photo ID) as listed under the provision; and (3) paid a fee not to exceed \$2.

No provision.

No provision.

Requires the Director of Veterans Services, in consultation with the Ohio Recorders Association, to establish material and design standards with which county recorders must comply in producing veteran identification cards, and specifies that card application materials are not a public record under the Public Records Act.

No provision.

No provision.

Requires county recorders to deposit fees received from the issuance of veteran identification cards into the county recorder's technology fund, if once exists in that county.

No provision.

No provision.

Permits a county recorder to contract with any other political subdivision of the state for Ohio veterans identification card production services and allows a county recorder to accept donations in the form of supplies and equipment, to be used in the production of Ohio veterans identification cards

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Fiscal effect: Potential cost increase to county recorders for acquiring equipment and producing these ID's, partially offset through fee revenue. However, approximately 30 counties already provide this service and presumably, county recorders that do not have the necessary equipment could contract with other political subdivisions that do.

LOCCD44 Salary increases for local officials

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 325.03, 325.04, 325.08, 325.09, 325.10, 325.14, 325.15, 505.24, 507.09, 3501.12

Increases the salaries of county auditors, county treasurers, common pleas court clerks, county recorders, county commissioners, county engineers, coroners, township trustees, township fiscal officers, and boards of elections members by 5% in 2016 and 2017, but the percentage is higher for elected officers serving counties in the lower population classes when the lower classes are first combined in 2017.

No provision.

No provision.

Reduces from eight to six the number of population classes that are used to determine these county elected officers' salaries, beginning in 2017.

No provision.

No provision.

Revises the monetary size of the budgetary amounts that determine the pay ranges for township trustees and township fiscal officers.

No provision.

No provision.

Eliminates the annual cost-of-living adjustment that was last applied to any of their salaries in 2008 (2003 for boards of elections members).

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Fiscal effect: Increases the payroll costs for local governments to pay for these salary increases. Additionally, GRF appropriation item 005321, Operating Expenses – Judiciary/Supreme Court, is increased by \$33,840 in FY 2017 to pay for the state share of the salary increases for common pleas court clerks.

LOCCD37 Salary increases for sheriffs and prosecuting attorneys

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 325.06, 325.11

Increases sheriffs' and prosecuting attorneys' salaries by 5% from 2016 through 2019 and reduces the number of pay classes for sheriffs and prosecuting attorneys from eight to six beginning in 2017.

Fiscal effect: Increases GRF appropriation item 055411, County Sheriffs' Pay Supplement, by \$43,887 in FY 2017. Increases GRF appropriation item 055415, County Prosecutors' Pay Supplement, by \$61,879 in FY 2017. Increases FY 2017 county expenditures statewide by about \$746,000 for sheriffs and \$1.14 million for prosecuting attorneys.

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LOCCD14 Funds of a charter county hospital

R.C. 339.06, 339.061

R.C. 339.06, 339.061

No provision.

States that the board of trustees of a county hospital in a charter county (i.e., Cuyahoga and Summit) must hold, administer, and hold title to funds derived from the operation of the hospital, and specifies some of the particular sources of such money, including patient fees, laboratory fees, and physician service fees.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Authorizes a board of trustees to invest money not needed for current demands as provided in a county ordinance, and to adopt an investment policy for such money that: (1) requires fiduciaries to act with a specified standard of prudence; (2) specifies certain classes of instruments or deposits in which such money may be invested, including as a required reserve, and that nonreserve investments are pooled and invested under the Uniform Management of Institutional Funds Act; (3) creates an investment committee within the board of trustees to oversee the policy and advise the board; and (4) requires the committee to meet at least quarterly to review investment policy and authorizes the committee to retain investment advisory services from an advisor who is either licensed by the Division of Securities or the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and who has experience in investing public funds.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Requires the county investment advisory committee to approve investments made under a county ordinance or approve the investment policy, if one is adopted.

Same as the House.

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LOCCD43 Minimum security jails

(1) No provision.

(1) No provision.

R.C. 341.34

(1) Provides for the use of a minimum security jail for a person charged with a traffic violation or misdemeanor or a felony of the fourth or fifth degree who has not been released on bail and who is confined in jail pending trial, if the person is classified as a minimal security risk.

(2) No provision.

(2) No provision.

(2) Specifies that nothing in provision (1) above authorizes the operation or management of a minimum security jail by a private entity.

Fiscal effect: Uncertain.

LOCCD40 New Community Authority changes

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 349.01, 349.03, 349.04, 349.06, 349.07, 349.14, Section 703.10

Eliminates or makes permanent, various provisions that applied only to new community authorities established between March 22, 2012 and March 22, 2015, and includes telecommunications facilities, off-street parking facilities, and facilities for renewable or sustainable energy, in the definition of a "community facility."

No provision.

No provision.

Shifts duties from the clerk of the board of county commissioners of one of the counties in which all or part of the proposed new community district is located to the clerk of the organizational board of county commissioners.

No provision.

No provision.

Eliminates the requirement that the acreage included in a proposed district be developable as one functionally interrelated community.

Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance
No provision.	No provision.	Specifies that, if the organizational board of commissioners is the legislative authority of the only proximate city for the proposed new community district, then: (1) the required hearing on the petition for the establishment of the proposed new community authority must be held not less than 30 nor more than 45 days after the petition filing date, and, (2) the clerk of the board is not required to provide written notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing or to furnish a certified copy of the petition to the clerk of the legislative authority of each proximate city which has not signed the petition.
No provision.	No provision.	Eliminates a requirement that the organizational board of commissioners' resolution be entered of record in its journal and the journal of the board of county commissioners with which a petition was filed.
No provision.	No provision.	Modifies how the property of a new community authority, upon dissolution, is distributed.
No provision.	No provision.	Specifies that the amendments apply to any proceedings commenced after the effective date of the amendments and, so far as their provisions support the actions taken, also apply to proceedings that on their effective date are pending, in progress, or completed, notwithstanding the applicable law previously in effect or any provision to the contrary in a prior resolution, ordinance, order, advertisement, notice, or other proceeding.
No provision.	No provision.	Specifies that any proceedings pending or in progress on the effective date of the amendments are to be deemed to have been taken in conformity with the amendments.

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LOCCD11 Township use of financial transaction devices

R.C. 503.55

R.C. 503.55

No provision.

Authorizes a township board of trustees to adopt a resolution authorizing the acceptance of payments for fees, costs, assessments, fines, penalties, payments, or other payments due a township by financial transaction devices, including credit cards, debit cards, prepaid or stored value cards, and electronic payments via Automated Clearinghouse network (ACH).

Same as the House.

No provision.

Requires the resolution to designate the township fiscal officer as the administrative agent for (1) soliciting and selecting proposals from financial institutions, issuers of financial transaction devices, and payment processors, (2) making recommendations about these proposals to the township board, and (3) implementing the financial transaction devices program.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Specifies the procedures and rules for implementing a program to accept such payments, including rules relating to surcharges, convenience fees, and penalties for payments that are rejected or dishonored that township offices may assess. Requires the township policy concerning these surcharges, fees, and penalties to be publically posted and transmitted to the payer with each transaction.

Same as the House.

Fiscal effect: Potential reduction in administrative costs for processing payments through financial transaction devices.

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

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As Passed by the House

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LOCCD22 Township removal of unsafe buildings

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 505.86, 3929.86

Establishes a process for a hearing, which a party in interest, such as a property owner, may request before a township proceeds to remove an insecure, unsafe, or structurally defective or unfit building structure.

No provision.

No provision.

Authorizes a township, with approval of the board of trustees, to borrow money to pay all expenses incurred in the removal, repair, or securement of the building or other structure or in making emergency corrections of hazardous conditions, when the expenses exceed \$500. (Otherwise, approved expenses must be paid out of the township's general fund from moneys not otherwise appropriated.)

LOCCD10 Township sale of motor vehicles

No provision.

R.C. 505.101

Allows a township to contract with any department, agency, or political subdivision of the state for the purchase or sale of a motor vehicle. (The only way a township may sell motor vehicles of a fair market value greater than \$2,500 under current law is through public auction or a sealed bid process.)

Fiscal effect: Potential reduction in costs for townships to carry out these transactions.

R.C. 505.101

Same as the House.

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

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LOCCD31 Community Improvement Corporation use of township funds

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 505.701

Allows a township to appropriate money to a community improvement corporation to fund any of the corporation's activities and programs rather than only administrative expenses of the corporation.

LOCCD9 Township designee at public auctions

R.C. 505.1010

R.C. 505.1010

No provision.

Authorizes a board of township trustees to purchase real or personal property at public auction through a designee.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Requires the board of township trustees to adopt a resolution to designate an individual, officer, or employee to represent the board and tender bids at the auction.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Provides that purchases made at a public auction are subject to the maximum purchase price established by resolution of the board or an appraisal obtained before the public auction and approved by the board of township trustees.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Specifies that purchases made at public auction by a township designee must comply with the current requirement for an expenditure amount to be lawfully appropriated for the purpose and certified as available and free from any previous encumbrance.

Same as the House.

Fiscal effect: Allows a township to acquire items at public auction that it may not have been otherwise capable of purchasing.

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

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LOCCD24 Township payment via direct deposit

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 507.11

Specifies that, notwithstanding the requirement that money belonging to a township be paid out only upon an order signed by at least two township trustees, a board of township trustees may adopt a resolution authorizing the payment of lawful obligations of the township by direct deposit of funds by electronic transfer.

Fiscal effect: Potential reduction in payment transaction costs.

LOCCD26 Cemetery lots sold before July 24, 1986

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 517.07, 517.073

Grants townships the right of reentry for burial lots for which the deed of sale was executed prior to July 24, 1986, and for an entombment, columbarium, or other interment right for which the terms of sale or deed was executed before the effective date of the amendment, if the board determines the lot is unused and the board adopts a resolution creating a procedure for the right of reentry.

No provision.

No provision.

Requires the board to provide notice before reentering a lot or right, and expands the provisions regarding a township sale of burial lots to other interment rights, including entombment or columbarium.

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LOCCD23 Permanent cemetery endowment funds

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. *517.15, 759.36*

Allows a board of township trustees, upon unanimous consent, to use the principal of its permanent cemetery endowment fund to maintain, improve, and beautify its cemeteries if the board is unable to do so using only the income from the fund.

No provision.

No provision.

Allows a board of cemetery trustees of a union cemetery, upon unanimous consent, to use the principal of its permanent cemetery endowment fund to keep its cemetery clean and in good order if the board is unable to do so using only the income from the fund.

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LOCCD34 Maintenance of buffer around drinking water reservoir

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 743.50

Requires a municipal corporation that has established and implemented a watershed management program with respect to a drinking water reservoir to allow an owner of property that is contiguous to property that constitutes a buffer around a body of water that is part of such a reservoir to maintain property that constitutes a buffer if the maintenance is for any of the following purposes:
 (1) creation of an access path that is not wider than five feet to the body of water;
 (2) creation of a view corridor along adjacent property boundaries;
 (3) removal of invasive plant species as defined in Section 901.50 of the Revised Code;
 (4) creation and maintenance of a filter strip of plants and grass that are native to the area surrounding the reservoir in order to provide adequate filtering of wastewater and polluted runoff from the owner's property to the body of water;
 (5) beautification of the property.

No provision.

No provision.

Prohibits a peace officer or other official with authority to cite trespassers on property that is owned by the municipal corporation and that constitutes a buffer as described above, from issuing a civil or criminal citation to an individual who enters the property for the sole purpose of mowing vegetation or for any of the purposes specified in the bill.

Fiscal effect: Potential reduction of costs for property maintenance for municipal corporations

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LOCCD15	County payment of claims for injury or loss of animals killed by dogs	
No provision.	<p>R.C. <i>955.12, 955.121, 955.14, 955.15, 955.20, 955.27; Repealed: 955.29, 955.30, 955.32, 955.35, 955.351, 955.36, 955.37, 955.38</i></p> <p>Eliminates requirements and procedures under which a board of county commissioners must reimburse the owner of an animal that has been killed or injured by a dog not belonging to the owner.</p>	<p>R.C. <i>955.12, 955.121, 955.14, 955.15, 955.20, 955.27; Repealed: 955.29, 955.30, 955.32, 955.35, 955.351, 955.36, 955.37, 955.38</i></p> <p>Same as the House.</p>
No provision.	<p>Repeals provisions doing all of the following: (1) allowing an owner of an animal that the owner believes has fair market value of ten dollars or more to make a claim for the injury or loss of that animal and to submit additional information demonstrating the animal's lines of breeding, age, and other matters, (2) requiring a board of county commissioners to hear a claim and, if the dog warden has determined that the claim is valid, pay the claim from the dog and kennel fund or from the county general fund, (3) requiring statements and testimony regarding the loss or injury of an animal to be on forms prepared by the Secretary of State, (4) allowing an owner of an animal that has been killed or injured by a dog to appeal a final allowance made by a board of county commissioners, and (5) requiring a probate court to hear an appeal by an owner of an animal that has been killed or injured by a dog and determine the fair market value of that animal and the limit on relief.</p> <p>Fiscal effect: Eliminates the cost for counties to reimburse owners of an animal that has been killed or injured by a dog.</p>	<p>Same as the House.</p> <p>Fiscal effect: Same as the House.</p>

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LOCCD8 County land reutilization corporations

R.C. 1724.04

R.C. 1724.04

No provision.

Removes the population threshold (currently more than 60,000) necessary for a county to adopt and implement the procedures for the effective reutilization of nonproductive land through a county land reutilization corporation (CLRC).

Same as the House.

Fiscal effect: Allows all counties to implement CLRCs, which may reduce property maintenance costs to counties in some cases.

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

LOCCD19 Transfer of watercraft trailer to surviving spouse

R.C. 2106.19, 1548.11

R.C. 2106.19, 1548.11

No provision.

Permits the transfer to a surviving spouse of one watercraft trailer of the decedent associated with the transfer of a watercraft or outboard motor under current law.

Same as the House.

Fiscal effect: Negligible.

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

LOCCD42 Distribution of recoveries in tort actions

R.C. 2323.44

No provision.

No provision.

Requires, notwithstanding any contract or statutory provision to the contrary, the rights of a subrogee or any other person or entity that asserts a contractual, statutory, or common law subrogation claim against a third party or an injured party in a tort action be subject to all of the following:

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(1) No provision.	(1) No provision.	(1) Requires, if less than the full value of the tort action is recovered for any reason, the subrogee's or other person's or entity's claim be diminished in the same proportion as the injured party's interest is diminished.
(2) No provision.	(2) No provision.	(2) Requires, regardless of the recovery in the tort action, any reasonable attorney's fees contracted by the injured party and the expenses of procuring a recovery in the tort action, be shared by the injured party and the subrogee or other person or entity on a pro rata basis.
(3) No provision.	(3) No provision.	(3) Requires a tort action and any settlement of a tort action be controlled solely by the injured party.
(4) No provision.	(4) No provision.	(4) Permits, if a dispute regarding the distribution of the recovery in the tort action arises, either party to file an action under R.C. Chapter 2721. to resolve the issue of the distribution of the recovery.
Fiscal effect: Uncertain.		

LOCCD41 Drug trafficking and possession offenses - availability of intervention in lieu of conviction and 10-year limit on lookbacks

(1) No provision.	(1) No provision.	<p>R.C. 2925.03, 2925.11, 2951.041</p> <p>(1) Expands the existing "intervention in lieu of conviction" law such that it applies to any offender who is charged with a drug trafficking or possession offense (R.C. 2925.03 or 2925.11) that is a misdemeanor or a felony of the fourth or fifth degree if the court determines that the offender has substance abuse problems.</p>
(2) No provision.	(2) No provision.	<p>(2) Specifies that if an offender described in provision (1) above is granted intervention and complies with all conditions imposed by the court, including abstention from using illegal drugs and alcohol for at least one year from the</p>

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(3) No provision.

(3) No provision.

date of the grant, participation in treatment and recovery services, and not being convicted for a period of at least three years from that date of any criminal offense other than a misdemeanor traffic offense, the court will dismiss the proceedings against the offender.

(3) Specifies that if an offender described in provision (1) above is granted intervention and does not comply with all conditions imposed by the court, including those identified in provision (2) above, the prosecutor will proceed with criminal proceedings against the offender as if the offender's request for intervention in lieu of conviction had not been made.

(4) No provision.

(4) No provision.

(4) Corrects a mistaken cross-reference in the "intervention in lieu of conviction" law to a provision in the Crime Victims' Rights Law.

(5) No provision.

(5) No provision.

(5) Specifies that, in the circumstances in which a drug trafficking or drug possession offense requires a mandatory prison term or an increased penalty for an offender who previously was convicted of a drug abuse offense, the prior conviction counts for purposes of the mandatory term or increased penalty only if it occurred within the preceding 10 years.

Fiscal effect: Uncertain.

LOCCD21 Division of marital property

R.C. 3105.171

No provision.

Makes technical corrections to R.C. 3105.171 by removing the line numbers that were inadvertently left in the section.

R.C. 3105.171

Same as the House.

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LOCCD32 Health district licensing councils

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 3709.03, 3709.05, 3709.07, 3709.41

Makes the establishment of a health district licensing council in a city health district, general health district, or combined district, permissive, rather than mandatory, thereby allowing the board of health to decide whether to establish the licensing council.

No provision.

No provision.

Eliminates a discrepancy in the health district licensing council law by clarifying that the licensing council appoint one member to the board of health instead of "one of its own members."

LOCCD18 Community-based correctional officer collective bargaining

No provision.

R.C. 4117.01

Limits the ability of employees of community-based correctional facilities and district community-based correctional facilities who were subject to a collective bargaining agreement on June 1, 2005, to collectively bargain with their public employers to allow the employees to bargain only if the public employer elects to do so, similar to current law with respect to community-based correctional facility employees who were not covered by a collective bargaining agreement on that date.

Fiscal effect: Uncertain effect on the annual payroll-related expenses of counties.

R.C. 4117.01

Same as the House.

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

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LOCCD25 Force account limits for townships

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 5575.01

(1) Requires townships to use competitive bidding for road maintenance or repair contracts that exceed \$90,000, rather than \$45,000 as under current law.

No provision.

No provision.

(2) When a township proceeds by force account, requires the county engineer to complete a force account assessment for township road maintenance or repair projects estimated to cost \$45,000 or more, rather than \$15,000 or more as under current law.

No provision.

No provision.

(3) Requires townships to use competitive bidding for road construction or reconstruction contracts when estimated project costs exceed \$30,000 per mile, rather than \$15,000 per mile as under current law.

No provision.

No provision.

(4) When a township proceeds by force account, requires the county engineer to complete a force account assessment for township road construction or reconstruction projects that cost \$15,000 or more, rather than \$5,000 or more as under current law.

Fiscal effect: Provides townships with greater flexibility in using their own labor, material, and equipment for constructing, repairing, and maintaining roads.

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LOCCD17 Enterprise zone agreement extension

R.C. 5709.62, 5709.63, 5709.632

R.C. 5709.62, 5709.63, 5709.632

No provision.

Extends the time during which local governments may enter into enterprise zone agreements by two years until October 15, 2017, instead of October 15, 2015 as under current law.

Same as the House.

LOCCD12 Traffic camera fine receipts and Local Government Fund payment adjustments

R.C. 5747.51, 4511.0915, 5747.50, 5747.502, 5747.53

R.C. 5747.51, 4511.0915, 5747.50, 5747.502, 5747.53

No provision.

Requires any local authority that has operated a traffic camera between March 23, 2015, and June 30, 2015, to file either of the following with the Auditor of State on or before July 31, 2015: (1) If the local authority has complied with the traffic camera law, a statement of compliance with the traffic camera law; (2) If the local authority has not complied with the traffic camera law, a report including the civil fines the local authority has billed to drivers for any violation of any municipal ordinance that is based upon evidence recorded by a traffic camera.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Requires any local authority that has operated a traffic camera to submit either a report or statement of compliance, as discussed above, to the Auditor of State every three months, beginning July 1, 2015. Requires the report or statement of compliance to be filed within 30 days after the end of the three-month period.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Requires the Auditor of State to immediately forward these reports or statements of compliance to the Tax Commissioner for purposes of calculating Local Government

Same as the House.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

Fund (LGF) distributions. Requires the Auditor of State to notify the Tax Commissioner when political subdivisions have failed to make the required filings and when political subdivisions that were the subject of such a notification make the required filings.

No provision.

Reduces Local Government Fund (LGF) payments to subdivisions required to file a report of fine receipts in an amount equal to the gross amount of traffic camera fine receipts reported by the subdivision.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Eliminates LGF payments to a subdivision that is required to but does not submit such a report or statement until the subdivision files the required reports or statements. Requires the LGF payments to resume according to current law once a political subdivision complies with the filing requirements under the provision.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Redistributes LGF payments withheld from a noncomplying subdivision on a pro rata basis to other political subdivisions within that subdivision's county.

Same as the House.

Fiscal effect: Potential loss of LGF distributions for certain political subdivisions.

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

LOCCD35 Free public transportation for disabled United States armed forces veterans

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 5902.10

Permits a veteran of the armed forces of the United States who has a service-connected disability rated at 100% by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs and whose commercial driver's license, driver's license, or identification card indicates that the person is such a veteran, upon presentation of the license or card, to board any mode of public transportation and travel on the public transportation without payment of any fee, fare, or charge of any kind.

No provision.

No provision.

Defines an "eligible veteran" as a veteran who has a service-connected disability rated at 100% by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs.

Fiscal effect: Potential revenue loss in public transit fares.

LOCCD6 Competitive bidding threshold for conservancy districts

No provision.

R.C. 6101.16

Increases the competitive bidding threshold that applies to conservancy district contracts for improvements from \$25,000 to \$50,000, with contracts in excess of \$50,000 subject to bidding procedures in continuing law.

Fiscal effect: Potential reduction in administrative costs for conservancy districts to competitively bid improvement contracts.

R.C. 6101.16

Same as the House.

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

LOCCD27 Petitions for annexation of a municipal corporation to an adjoining municipal corporation

No provision.

No provision.

Section: 707.10

Adopts, until January 1, 2017, in a chartered county with a population of at least one million, a lower petition signature threshold for purposes of an annexation under RC 709.24.

No provision.

No provision.

Lowers that petition signature threshold from a number that is not less than 25% to one that is not less than 10%, of the number of electors who voted in the last regular municipal election.

No provision.

No provision.

Lowers the petition signature threshold to a number that is not less than 10% of the number of electors voting at the last regular municipal election to petition and compel the legislative authority of a municipality with which annexation is proposed to take such action as is necessary to initiate proceedings and to appoint three commissioners to represent the municipality in annexation negotiations.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

DASCD49 Acquisition of electronic pollbooks on behalf of counties

No provision.

No provision.

Sections: 207.10, 207.63

Requires Fund 5RT0 appropriation item 100668, Electronic Pollbooks, to be used by the Office of Procurement Services to subsidize 85% of the cost to purchase electronic pollbooks on behalf of county boards of elections. Specifies that the source of funding for these acquisitions is a cash transfer from the GRF under Section 512.30 of this act into the newly created Electronic Pollbook Fund (Fund 5RT0).

No provision.

No provision.

Requires the Director of Administrative Services and Secretary of State to allocate to each county board of election an amount of cash in proportion to the number of registered voters in each county as of July 1, 2015.

No provision.

No provision.

Does the following for electronic pollbooks to be purchased after the effective date of the provision: (1) requires the Secretary of State, at the request of a county board of elections, to provide a list of vendors and electronic pollbooks certified in accordance with Section 3506.05 of the Revised Code; (2) requires a county board of elections to select electronic pollbooks from that list and notify the Office of Procurement Services of its selection; (3) requires the Office of Procurement Services to purchase the electronic pollbooks selected by the board and to transfer those pollbooks to the board of elections; (4) requires a county board of elections to enter into a memorandum of understanding with the county commissioners and DAS concerning those purchases; and (5) specifies that a county board of elections is responsible for 15% of the purchase costs as determined by the Director of Administrative Services and Secretary of State.

Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance
No provision.	No provision.	Requires DAS to reimburse county boards of elections that have purchased electronic pollbooks prior to the provision's effective date for those purchases for 85% of the cost up to the amount allocated by the Director of Administrative Services and Secretary of State, and requires these reimbursements to be paid to the county's general fund.
No provision.	No provision.	<p>Reappropriates the unexpended, unencumbered portion remaining in appropriation item 100668, Electronic Pollbooks, at the end of FY 2016 for the same purpose in FY 2017.</p> <p>Fiscal effect: The bill transfers \$12,750,000 cash from FY 2015 GRF surplus revenue to Fund 5RT0 (see OBMCD20) and appropriates the transferred cash to Fund 5RT0 appropriation item 100668 for FY 2016 under the DAS budget for these purposes.</p>

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

AGRCD17 State matching funds for soil and water conservation districts

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 1515.14, (940.15); 6117.021

(Note that this program is being transferred from DNR to AGR, see AGRCD13.) Requires money to be paid in each calendar year to each soil and water conservation district, within the limits of funds appropriated to the Department of Agriculture and the Soil and Water Conservation District Assistance Fund, in an amount not to exceed one dollar for each one dollar received by a district pursuant to a contract entered into with a board of county commissioners that has formed a county sewer district under which the soil and water conservation district will conduct projects and activities for the purpose of complying with the requirements of phase II of the storm water program of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System established in 40 C.F.R. part 122, and authorizes such a board of county commissioners to enter into such a contract with a public agency.

No provision.

No provision.

Retains other sources of money that may be matched in existing law, the annual maximum state match of \$8,000, and authority for the Ohio Soil and Water Conservation Commission to approve payment to a district in an amount in excess of \$8,000 in any calendar year upon receipt of a request and justification from the district.

No provision.

No provision.

Limits the amount of money that may be paid by the Department to a district to match money received by the district pursuant to a contract discussed above in calendar years 2015, 2016, and 2017 to the amount that was paid to the district as a match during calendar year 2013 that resulted from the board of county commissioners' having used the proceeds of a contract entered into between the

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

board and a district of a type similar to that authorized by the amendment, directly or indirectly, for matching funds in calendar year 2013, but authorizes the state match to exceed that amount to the extent that other sources of local matching funds are used by the district for local matching funds in state fiscal years 2015, 2016, and 2017.

Fiscal effect: Overall, because state matching dollars are limited to amounts appropriated for that purpose, there would be no effect on state match dollars paid by the Department of Agriculture. However, allowing money earned by a local soil and water conservation district pursuant to a contract to conduct storm water projects to be included in the totals to be matched by the state, this may increase state match dollars received by some county soil and water conservation districts. State matching dollars are paid from the Soil and Water Districts Assistance Fund (Fund 5BV0) and the GRF.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

AGOCD14 Continuing professional training for law enforcement

Section: 221.10

(1) No provision.

(1) No provision.

(1) Alters the distribution of money in the Local Government Fund, specifying that \$5,000,000 in FY 2016 and \$10,000,000 in FY 2017 be distributed through county undivided local government funds to the Law Enforcement Assistance Fund (Fund 5L50), instead of directly from the Department of Taxation to municipal corporations.

(2) No provision.

(2) No provision.

(2) Requires the Ohio Peace Officer Training Commission to direct every appointing authority to require each of its appointed peace officers and troopers to complete a total of 11 hours of continuing professional training in calendar year (CY) 2016, and a total of 20 hours of continuing professional training in calendar year (CY) 2017.

(3) No provision.

(3) No provision.

(3) Requires the state, in FY 2017, reimburse each public appointing authority for 100% of the cost of continuing professional training for all 11 hours of training required in CY 2017.

(4) No provision.

(4) No provision.

(4) Requires the state, in FY 2017, reimburse each public appointing authority, for 100% of the cost of continuing professional training for 11 of the required 20 hours. For the remaining 9 hours of required training in FY 2017, the State will reimburse each public appointing authority, for the first 50 full-time officers or troopers trained, for 100% of the cost of continuing professional training .

(5) No provision.

(5) No provision.

(5) Requires the state, in FY 2017, reimburse each public appointing authority, for any full-time officers or troopers trained after the first 50 full-time officers or troopers are trained, for 80% of the cost of continuing professional

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

training for the remaining 9 of the 20 hours of training required in CY 2017.

Fiscal effect: The Law Enforcement Assistance Fund (Fund 5L50) will receive an additional \$5 million in FY 2016 and \$10 million in FY 2017 from the Local Government Fund for the purpose of reimbursing public appointing authorities for the cost of required continuing professional training for law enforcement (peace officers and troopers).

Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance
AUDCD4	Fiscal emergency declarations	
No provision.	<p>R.C. 118.023</p> <p>Requires the Auditor of State to declare that a fiscal emergency condition exists in a municipal corporation, county, or township if the municipal corporation, county, or township in which a fiscal watch exists has not made reasonable proposals or otherwise taken action to discontinue or correct the fiscal practices or budgetary conditions that prompted the declaration of fiscal watch, if the auditor determines a fiscal emergency is necessary to prevent further decline.</p>	<p>R.C. 118.023, Sections 115.10 - 115.12</p> <p>Same as the House, but eliminates this provision two years from the effective date of the bill.</p>
No provision.	<p>Reduces from 120 days to 90 days the amount of time a municipal corporation, county, or township for which fiscal watch has been declared is given to submit to the Auditor of State its financial recovery plan.</p>	<p>Same as the House.</p>

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

COMCD23 Local government building departments and park districts

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 3781.10

Enables certified local government building departments to issue building permits, conduct inspections, and conduct certain other administrative actions in relation to a park district upon approval of the board of park commissioners of the park district in question.

Fiscal effect: Potential minimal decrease in administrative costs to the Industrial Compliance Operating Fund (Fund 5560) used by the Industrial Compliance Division whose staff would otherwise inspect these park districts.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

Other Education Provisions

EDUCD135 Regional council of government infrastructure loans

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 167.041

Permits an ESC serving as a fiscal agent for a regional council of governments to establish a program in which it enters into agreements with the governing body of member governments to lend them money to improve infrastructure within the territory of members located within Ohio.

Fiscal effect: Increase in the administrative burden of ESCs that elect to loan funds to member governments.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

DOHCD38

Bloodborne infectious disease prevention programs

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 3707.57

Authorizes a board of health, after the Director of Health has declared a public health emergency, to establish a bloodborne infectious disease prevention program to reduce the transmission of bloodborne pathogens.

No provision.

No provision.

Authorizes the board of health to determine the prevention program's operation and participants and sets certain requirements for those programs.

No provision.

No provision.

Requires a board of health to consult with certain interested parties before establishing the prevention program.

No provision.

No provision.

Specifies that the local governing authority of a city, village, or township where the prevention program is located retains all zoning rights.

No provision.

No provision.

Provides certain immunity from criminal prosecution to employees, volunteers, and participants of the prevention programs.

Fiscal effect: A local board of health may experience an increase in costs if the board decides to establish a prevention program. The bill specifies that the cost of the program is the responsibility of the board of health.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

JFSCD41 Healthier Buckeye Grant Program

R.C. *103.412, 355.02, 355.03, 355.04, 5101.91, 5101.92, 5101.93, Sections 305.10, 305.183, 512.70, (Repeals Section 551.10 of H.B. 483 of the 130th GA)*

R.C. *103.412, 355.02, 355.03, 355.04, 5101.91, 5101.92, 5101.93*

No provision.

Requires each board of county commissioners, not later than December 15, 2015, to adopt a resolution establishing a local healthier buckeye council.

Restores current law that permits, but does not require, the formation of local healthier buckeye councils.

No provision.

Requires a local healthier buckeye council to promote opportunities for individuals and families to achieve and maintain optimal health, and develop a plan to promote that objective and other objectives in current law.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Requires each local healthier buckeye council to submit the council's plan to its board of county commissioners and to the Ohio Healthier Buckeye Advisory Council.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Requires local healthier buckeye councils to submit annual performance reports to the Ohio Healthier Buckeye Advisory Council.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Requires local healthier buckeye councils to report certain information to the Joint Medicaid Oversight Committee and the Ohio Healthier Buckeye Advisory Council.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Specifies with regard to the Ohio Healthier Buckeye Advisory Council (Council) that administrative support will be provided by the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services (ODJFS), and that members will serve without compensation, but are reimbursed for related expenses.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Requires the Council to prepare an annual report of its activities.

Same as the House.

Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance
No provision.	Repeals requirements that the Council recommend criteria, application processes, and maximum grant amounts for the Ohio Healthier Buckeye Grant Program, and means to achieve coordination, person-centered case management, and standardization in public assistance programs.	Same as the House.
No provision.	Requires the Council to provide assistance establishing local buckeye councils, identify barriers and gaps to achieving greater financial independence and provide advice on overcoming those barriers and gaps, and collect, analyze, and report performance measure information.	Same as the House.
No provision.	Repeals the existing Healthier Buckeye Grant Program and reenacts it with new criteria for grants to be awarded to local healthier buckeye councils, other public and private entities, and individuals.	Same as the House, but does not reenact the Healthier Buckeye Grant Program.
No provision.	Requires that the Healthier Buckeye Grant Program be administered by the Council.	No provision.
No provision.	Creates the Healthier Buckeye Fund in the state treasury from which grants can be awarded under the program.	No provision.
No provision.	Earmarks up to \$250,000 in each fiscal year in appropriation item 600669, Healthier Buckeye Councils, to support the administration of the Healthier Buckeye Grant Program.	No provision.
No provision.	Specifies that the Healthier Buckeye Fund (Fund 5RC0) is to be used by the Ohio Healthier Buckeye Advisory Council.	No provision.
	Fiscal effect: The bill appropriates \$8.5 million in FY 2016 and \$9.0 million in FY 2017 to the newly created appropriation item 600669, Healthier Buckeye Councils.	Fiscal effect: Possible minimal administrative costs for ODJFS in support of the Ohio Healthier Buckeye Advisory Council.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

JSCCD1 Salary increases for justices and judges

R.C. 141.04

(1) Increases the salaries of the Ohio Supreme Court justices and judges of the courts of appeals, courts of common pleas, municipal courts, and county courts by 5%, rounded to the next highest \$50, each fiscal year, starting July 1, 2015, with the last increase July 1, 2018.

(1) No provision.

(2) Changes the date for the justices' and judges' salary increases to a fiscal year (July 1), rather than a calendar year (January 1).

(2) No provision.

(3) Eliminates the annual cost-of-living adjustment that was last applied in 2008 to justices' and judges' salaries.

(3) No provision.

Fiscal effect: To pay for the state share of the salary increases in FYs 2016 and 2017, the executive budget appropriates \$5,430,454 and \$11,121,577, respectively.

R.C. 141.04

(1) Replaces the Executive provision with a provision that increases the salaries of the Ohio Supreme Court justices and judges of the courts of appeals, courts of common pleas, municipal courts, and county courts by 5% each calendar year, rounded up to the next highest \$50, beginning 90 days after the bill's effective date, with the last increase beginning January 1, 2019.

(2) No provision.

(3) Same as the Executive.

Fiscal effect: To pay for the state share of the salary increases for justices and judges, GRF appropriation item 005321, Operating Expenses – Judiciary/Supreme Court, is increased by \$4,072,841 in FY 2016 and \$8,276,016 in FY 2017.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

JSCCD14 Rendering of an account by executor or administrator

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 2109.301

Specifies that current law's requirement that every administrator or executor must render an account not later than 13 months after appointment does not apply if a partial account is waived under the conditions specified in current law. Requires, unless a certificate of termination is filed, that annual accounts or waivers of partial accounts be made until the estate is closed.

Fiscal effect: Negligible.

JSCCD12 Stark County Court of Common Pleas

No provision.

R.C. 2301.03

Changes the Division of Domestic Relations of the Stark County Court of Common Pleas to the Family Court Division.

Fiscal effect: None.

R.C. 2301.03

Same as the House.

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

JSCCD13 Consideration of military service when reviewing applications for certificates of qualification for employment

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 2953.25

Requires a court, when considering factors in determining whether to approve an applicant's Certificate of Qualification for Employment, to consider the applicant's military service and how it may be related to the offense committed.

Fiscal effect: None.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

MCD42 Medicaid for Inmates Pilot Program

Section: 327.223

No provision.

Requires ODM to operate a two-year pilot program under which the suspension of a person's Medicaid eligibility ends when the person is to be confined only for 30 more days in a local correctional facility owned and operated by Montgomery or Jackson County.

No provision.

No provision.

Requires state funds to be used for the Medicaid services provided under the pilot program.

No provision.

Fiscal effect: The bill appropriates \$500,000 in each fiscal year in new GRF appropriation item 651527, Medicaid for Inmates Pilot Program.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

PUCCD7 Operational standards for public safety answering points

R.C. *128.021*

No provision.

Requires the Statewide Emergency Services Internet Protocol Network Steering Committee to update the operational standards for public safety answering points (PSAPs) to contain policies ensuring that PSAP personnel prioritize life-saving questions when responding to 9-1-1 calls and complete proper training, or provide proof of training, to give emergency instructions.

No provision.

Fiscal effect: None.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

Sales and Use Taxes

TAXCD56 Tourism development districts

R.C. 133.083, R.C. 122.175, 133.01, 133.04, 133.05, 133.34, 4505.06, 5735.40, 5739.01, 5739.02, 5739.021, 5739.023 through 5739.027, 5739.029, 5739.03, 5739.031, 5739.033, 5739.034, 5739.04 through 5739.051, 5739.061, 5739.10, 5739.12, 5739.13, 5739.16, 5739.17, 5739.21 through 5739.212, 5739.34, 5739.36, 5739.50 through 5739.54, 5739.99, 5740.01, 5740.09, 5741.01 through 5741.031, 5741.04, 5741.05, 5741.06, 5741.08, 5741.11, 5741.12, 5741.15, 5741.16, 5741.19, 5741.21, and 5741.23

R.C. 133.083, 122.175, 133.01, 133.04, 133.05, 133.34, 503.56, 503.57, 715.014, 4505.06, 5739.01, 5739.02, 5739.029, 5739.101, 5739.102, 5739.103, 5739.106, 5741.01, 5741.03, 5741.12

(1) No provision.

(1) Authorizes municipal corporations and townships in a county with a population between 375,000 and 400,000 that levies no more than a 0.5% county sales tax to designate a special district of not more than 200 contiguous acres as a tourism development district (TDD). (Currently only Stark County meets the criteria.) Permits the levy, within the TDD, of a sales and use tax of up to 1.5%, a development fee, or an admissions tax of up to 2% for a TDD established by a municipality or up to 5% for a TDD established by a township, to fund tourism promotion and development in that district.

(1) Same as the House, except removes the ability of a subdivision to levy a sales and use tax in the district, and authorizes a subdivision to levy up to a 2% tax on gross receipts from sales made in the district. Confines the boundaries of a township tourism development district to the unincorporated area of the township.

(2) No provision.

(2) Requires a Board of County Commissioners to approve a municipal corporation's or township's proposal to levy a sales and use tax in a TDD before those taxes may be levied.

(2) No provision.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

(3) No provision.

(3) Exempts motor vehicle sales from a use tax levied by a municipal corporation or township in a district.

(3) No provision.

(4) No provision.

(4) Authorizes municipal corporations and townships to issue bonds backed by tourism development district revenue to fund tourism promotion and development in the district.

(4) Same as the House.

(5) No provision.

(5) Authorizes diversion of increased county or transit authority sales tax attributed to such a district to the municipal corporation or township that designates the district but does not levy sales tax therein if the county or transit authority approve of the diversion, and authorizes municipal corporations and townships to issue bonds backed by such revenue. The diverted revenue and bonds backed by that revenue must be used for tourism promotion and development in the district.

(5) No provision.

(6) No provision.

(6) Prohibits the creation or enlargement of a district after 2018.

(6) Same as the House.

Fiscal effect: May result in additional revenue to municipal corporations and townships from taxes or fees, and in additional expenditures for tourism promotion and development.

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

Property Taxes and Transfer Fees

TAXCD47 Extension of township tax increment financing (TIF) exemptions

R.C. 5709.73

R.C. 5709.73

No provision.

Authorizes the board of trustees of a township with a population of 15,000 or more to amend a TIF resolution adopted before December 31, 1994, to extend the exemption of the parcel or parcels included in the TIF for up to an additional 15 years. (The amendment may not increase the percentage of improvements exempted from taxation.) Requires the township to notify the affected school districts and counties before adopting the amendment.

Same as the House.

Fiscal effect: May result in payment of service payments in lieu of property taxes on parcels for which the exemption is extended. This exemption may result in loss of revenues for subdivisions not required to be reimbursed for such foregone taxes.

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

TAXCD15 Tangible personal property tax replacement payments - schools

R.C. 5709.92, 5727.84, 5727.85, 5751.20, and 5751.21

R.C. 5709.92, 5727.84, 5727.85, 5751.20, and 5751.21

R.C. 5709.92, 5727.84, 5727.85, 5751.20, and 5751.21

Beginning in FY2016, resumes the phase-out of the state's payments to school districts that partly reimburse districts for the loss of general business and public utility tangible personal property (TPP) tax revenue based on a district's combined general business and utility property tax replacement payments in FY 2015.

Same as the Executive.

Same as the Executive.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

Prescribes different phase-out schedules for different classes of tax levies as follows:

Same as the Executive.

Same as the Executive.

(1) Current expense levies: Specifies that replacement payments for such levies be phased out according to the ratio of a district's FY 2015 payment amount to its total operating revenue from state and local sources ("total sources") and according to a district's tax capacity, a measure that considers both a district's property wealth and income wealth. Groups school districts into five quintiles by tax capacity. For a 5th quintile (highest capacity) district, specifies that the replacement payment will only be made in FY 2016 if the district's FY 2015 payment represents more than 2% of its total resources; increases the percentage threshold to 4% in FY 2017 and by 2 percentage points each year thereafter. Prescribes the initial percentage and annual increment for a 4th quintile district at 1.75%, a 3rd quintile district at 1.5%, a 2nd quintile district at 1.25%, and a 1st quintile (lowest capacity) district at 1%. For all joint vocational school districts (JVSDs), specifies that the initial percentage and annual increment be 2%. (Under current law, school districts and JVSDs receive annual payments equal to the amount by which a district's FY 2011 payment exceeds 4% of its total resources or the amount the district received in FY 2013.)

Same as the Executive.

Same as the Executive.

(2) Non-current-expense, nondebt levies: Specifies that replacement payments be made in FY 2016 at the level of 50% of a district's FY 2015 payment. Eliminates replacement payments for these levies beginning in FY 2017. (Current law provides for annual payments equal to 50% of the payment the district received in FY 2011.)

Same as the Executive.

Same as the Executive.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

(3) Emergency and other fixed-sum levies: Phases out replacement payments for such levies in one-fifth increments over five years beginning in 2017 for utility TPP payments and in 2018 for business TPP payments. (Current law ends such payments in 2017 for utility TPP and in 2018 for business TPP).

Same as the Executive.

Same as the Executive.

(4) Debt levies: (Retains current law for debt levy reimbursement payments. Replacement payments for voter-approved fixed-sum debt levies will be made at the 2014 payment levels until the levy is no longer imposed. Payments for "inside-mill" debt levies that qualify for reimbursement in FY 2015 will be reimbursed through FY 2016 for utility TPP and through FY 2018 for business TPP.)

Same as the Executive.

Same as the Executive.

No provision.

Exempts a school district from the bill's proposed resumption of the phase-out of property tax replacement payments if a nuclear power plant is located in the district's territory and the most recent year's replacement payments for fixed-rate levies equal 10% or more of the district's total resources. Instead, such a school district would continue to receive an annual payment equal to the payment it received in 2014, provided it continues to levy the tax for which the reimbursement is being paid. The amendment does not affect reimbursement for school district debt levies.

Same as the House.

Fiscal effect: Reduces TPP reimbursement payments for school districts and JVSDs. The executive budget appropriates from the Property Tax Replacement Phase Out - Education (Fund 7047) \$360.9 million for FY 2016 and \$249.8 million in FY 2017 for TPP reimbursement payments for school districts and JVSDs. In FY 2015, TPP reimbursements to school districts and JVSDs total \$510 million.

Fiscal effect: Reimbursements will be somewhat higher. The bill increases RDF Fund 7047 appropriation item 200902, Property Tax Replacement Phase Out-Education by \$900,000 in FY 2016 and \$1,800,000 in FY 2017 (compared to the introduced version of the bill).

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

TAXCD14 Property tax replacement payments to local taxing units

R.C. 5709.93, 5727.84, 5727.86, 5751.20, 5751.22, Section 757.10

R.C. 5709.93, 5727.84, 5727.86, 5751.20, 5751.22, Section 757.10

R.C. 5709.93, 5727.84, 5727.86, 5751.20, 5751.22, Section 757.10

Beginning in FY 2016, resumes the phase-out of business and utility tangible personal property (TPP) reimbursement payments for local taxing units other than school districts and joint vocational school districts based on each unit's combined business and utility TPP reimbursement payments received in FY 2015.

Same as the Executive.

Same as the Executive.

Specifies that replacement payments for current expense levies be phased out according to the ratio of a taxing unit's FY 2015 payment amount to its total operating revenue from state and local sources ("total sources"). Specifies that the replacement payment will only be made in FY 2016 if the unit's FY 2015 payment represents more than 2% of its total resources; increases the percentage threshold to 4% in FY 2017 and by 2 percentage points each year thereafter. (Under current law, local taxing units receive annual payments equal to the amounts by which their CY 2010 payments exceed 6% of their total resources or the reimbursement amounts for TY 2013.)

Same as the Executive.

Same as the Executive.

(Retains current law for debt levy reimbursement payments. Payments for "inside-mill" debt levies that qualify for reimbursement in CY 2015 will be reimbursed through CY 2016 for utility TPP and through CY 2017 for business TPP.)

Same as the Executive.

Same as the Executive.

Requires each county auditor, by July 31, 2015, to certify to the Tax Commissioner the amount of money distributed from the County Public Library Fund in 2014 to each public library system that received a TPP reimbursement in 2014, for purposes of computing a library system's total resources

Same as the Executive.

Same as the Executive.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

used in TPP reimbursement determinations.

No provision.

Exempts a township, public library, or other taxing unit, other than a county or municipal corporation, from the bill's proposed resumption of the phase-out of property tax replacement payments if a nuclear power plant is located in the taxing unit's territory and the most recent year's replacement payments for fixed-rate levies equal 10% or more of the unit's total resources. Instead, such a taxing unit would continue to receive an annual payment equal to the payment it received in 2014, provided it continues to levy the tax for which the reimbursement is being paid.

Same as the House.

No provision.

No provision.

Creates a special payment under the tangible personal property tax reimbursement scheme for municipal corporations where a user of a substantial amount of wind-generated electricity (7,000,000 kwh/year) is located. Specifies that the payment equals the amount of kilowatt-hour excise tax paid on the basis of wind-generated electricity received by the user. Specifies that the municipal corporation must use the payments to provide grants, tax reductions, or other financial assistance to the user of the wind-generated electricity. Requires the Tax Commissioner to compute such payments beginning in FY 2016. Allows the Commissioner to require an electric distribution company or the end user, who is a self-assessing purchaser, to report the number of qualifying kilowatt hours distributed through the meter of the qualifying end user to the Commissioner.

Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance
<p>Fiscal effect: Reduces the reimbursements to counties, townships, municipal corporations, other local taxing units, and public libraries. The executive budget appropriates from the Property Tax Replacement Phase Out - Local Government (Fund 7081) \$65.9 million in FY 2016 and \$40.2 million in FY 2017 for reimbursement payments for local government. In FY 2015 TPP reimbursement payments for local government total \$127.6 million.</p>	<p>Fiscal effect: Reimbursements will be somewhat higher. The bill increases RDF Fund 7081 appropriation item 110907, Property Tax Replacement Phase Out-Local Government, by \$128,000 in FY 2016 and \$256,000 in FY 2017 (compared to the introduced version of the bill).</p>	<p>Fiscal effect: Same as the House, but reimbursements would be somewhat higher.</p>

Other Taxation Provisions

TAXCD54 County lodging tax for sports facilities

No provision.

R.C. 5739.09

Authorizes a county with a population between 175,000 and 225,000, that has an amusement park with an average annual attendance over two million, and that levied a 3% lodging tax on December 31, 2014, to levy an additional 1% lodging tax for the purpose of constructing and maintaining county-owned sports facilities and financing efforts by the convention and visitors bureau to promote travel and tourism with respect to the sports facilities. (Under continuing law, lodging tax rates are generally capped at 6% with up to 3% levied by the county and up to an additional 3% levied by the municipalities and townships located within the county.)

Fiscal effect: Only Warren County appears to qualify currently. May result in additional lodging tax revenues and additional expenditures on sports facilities in the county.

R.C. 5739.09, 305.31

Same as the House.

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

DOTCD51 Relocation of traffic signal in Clinton County

No provision.

No provision.

Section: 745.20

Requires the Director of Transportation to relocate a traffic light in Clinton County that is currently located at the intersection of the off ramp of the northeast bound lanes of I-71 and S.R. 73 to the intersection of S.R. 73 and S.R. 380.

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

DYSCD7 Repeal land conveyance authorization of Ohio White Sulfure Springs Property

No provision.

No provision.

Section: 690.10

Repeals the authorization for conveyance of state owned real property in Delaware County that is referred to as the "Ohio White Sulfur Springs Property" (authorization contained in Section 13 of Sub. H.B. 477 of the 130th General Assembly, which became effective on July 16, 2014).

Fiscal effect: Proceeds from the sale of the property, which is the site of the closed Scioto Juvenile Correctional Facility, would have been deposited into the Juvenile Correctional Building Fund (Fund 7028).

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

MISCD6 Biannual reports on non-GRF revenues and expenditures

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 101.60

Requires executive offices, mayor's courts, municipal courts, county courts, courts of common pleas (including probate courts and juvenile courts), courts of appeals, and the Supreme Court to submit to the General Assembly twice annually a report containing information about the amounts contained in any non-General Revenue Fund the agency or court administers and an itemized statement as to the manner in which a fund has been expended.