

- Type B: a permanent residence of the provider in which child day-care is provided for one to six children at one time and in which no more than three children are under two years of age at one time.
- Type C: a permanent residence of the provider in which child day-care is provided for one to six children under the age of six at one time, and in which no more than three children are under two years of age at one time, and in which child day-care is provided for three additional children who are enrolled in a grade of kindergarten or above during specified periods of time (prior to the start of or after the end of the school day, when school is open, for a total of not more than 3 hours per day; for a full or part day on days when the school is not open; for not more than three hours per day during the period between the end of one school year and the start of the following school year).

The Type C classification was developed in response to unique circumstances in rural northwest Ohio counties where little or no school-age child care is available. Only four homes have ever been certified as Type C family day-care homes, and currently only three are operating as Type C homes. Type C family day-care homes may not provide publicly-funded child care because federal funding requirements specify a maximum 6:1 child-to-caregiver ratio.

The following table outlines the distinctions in the three types of family day-care homes:

Types of Day-Care Homes by Number of Children Permitted and Certification Required			
Type	Minimum Number of Children	Maximum Number of Children	Oversight
A	7 Four, if 4 or more of the children are under 2 years of age	12	Licensure by ODHS required, pursuant to ORC 5104.03
B	1	6 No more than 3 of the children can be under 2 years of age	Certification by ODHS required to receive public funds, pursuant to ORC 5104.11.
C	1	9 No more than 3 of the children can be under 2 years of age, and only 3 of the children may be enrolled in kindergarten or a higher grade (during certain periods of time)	Certification by ODHS required; certification requires meeting the requirements for certification of Type B day-care homes under ORC 5104.11, except the requirements limiting to 6 the number of children who may receive day-care in a Type B home at any one time and that Type C homes may not provide publicly-funded child day-care.

Fiscal Analysis

Because this bill extends an existing pilot program, its provisions will not create any new or additional costs for the state or for local political subdivisions. Presumably, those family day-care homes that provide services as Type C family day-care homes would, in the absence of this bill, continue to provide services as Type B or Type A day-care homes with little or no effect on the workload or expenditures of ODHS or the county departments of human services.

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