

Executive	As Passed by the House	As Passed by the Senate	As Reported by Conference Committee
-----------	------------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------------------

DYSCD7 Transfer of Jurisdiction to Juvenile Court

R.C. 2152.121

Requires, under certain circumstances, that a criminal court and all other agencies expunge all records related to a child's conviction or guilty plea if the criminal case is bound back to the juvenile court.

Fiscal effect: Potential minimal administrative cost for certain state and local governmental entities to expunge certain records.

R.C. 2152.121

Same as the Executive.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

R.C. 2152.121

Same as the Executive.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

R.C. 2152.121

Same as the Executive.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

DYSCD6 Serious Youthful Offender Disposition Assessment Tool

R.C. 2152.131

(1) Requires the Department of Youth Services to select a single validated risk assessment tool for assessing a delinquent child's risk to reoffend.

(1) No provision.

(1) No provision.

(1) No provision.

(2) Requires prosecutors to use the assessment tool in determining whether to initiate a serious youthful offender dispositional sentence process for eligible youth.

(2) No provision.

(2) No provision.

(2) No provision.

(3) Requires juvenile courts generally to use the assessment tool in determining the disposition of adjudicated delinquent youth under serious youthful offender sentencing procedures.

(3) No provision.

(3) No provision.

(3) No provision.

Executive	As Passed by the House	As Passed by the Senate	As Reported by Conference Committee
(4) Requires the prosecutor and juvenile court employees who use the assessment tool to be trained and certified by a Department of Youth Services certified trainer.	(4) No provision.	(4) No provision.	(4) No provision.
(5) Requires entities that use the assessment tool to develop specified policies and protocols.	(5) No provision.	(5) No provision.	(5) No provision.
Fiscal effect: Onetime increase of about \$33,000 to develop the tool and provide training.			
DYSCD4 Judicial Release of Juveniles			
<p>R.C. 2152.22 Clarifies that judicial release of a child after one year of an aggregate term of commitment for specifications and underlying offenses is a possible alternative to other types of judicial release.</p>	<p>R.C. 2152.22 Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>R.C. 2152.22 Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>R.C. 2152.22 Same as the Executive.</p>
Fiscal effect: None.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.
DYSCD3 Training of Adult Probation Officers			
<p>R.C. 2301.27, 2301.271 Specifies that the training standards established by the Adult Parole Authority are for adult probation officers rather than all probation officers.</p>	<p>R.C. 2301.27, 2301.271 Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>R.C. 2301.27, 2301.271 Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>R.C. 2301.27, 2301.271 Same as the Executive.</p>
Fiscal effect: None.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

Executive	As Passed by the House	As Passed by the Senate	As Reported by Conference Committee
-----------	------------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------------------

DYSCD1 Release Identification Cards

R.C. 4507.51, 5139.511

Requires the Department of Youth Services to issue an identification card to a youth before the youth is released from a secure facility under the control of the Department.

Fiscal effect: None, as this provision codifies current practice.

R.C. 4507.51, 5139.511

Same as the Executive.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

R.C. 4507.51, 5139.511

Same as the Executive.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

R.C. 4507.51, 5139.511

Same as the Executive.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

DYSCD5 RECLAIM Funding Formula

R.C. 5139.41, 5139.43

Replaces the existing four-year average of felony adjudication data that is used to determine county allocations of RECLAIM Ohio funding for juvenile programs with a requirement that a ten-year average be used for such determinations.

Fiscal effect: Certain counties may receive more or less money for juvenile programs and services.

R.C. 5139.41, 5139.43

Same as the Executive.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

R.C. 5139.41, 5139.43

Same as the Executive.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

R.C. 5139.41, 5139.43

Same as the Executive.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

Executive	As Passed by the House	As Passed by the Senate	As Reported by Conference Committee
-----------	------------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------------------

DYSCD2 Felony Delinquent Care and Custody Fund

R.C. 5139.43

Encourages, instead of requires, a county and the juvenile court that serves the county to use the money in the county's Felony Delinquent Care and Custody Fund for research-supported, outcome-based programs and services.

R.C. 5139.43

Same as the Executive.

R.C. 5139.43

Same as the Executive.

R.C. 5139.43

Same as the Executive.

Fiscal effect: Certain programs and services may be more or less likely to be funded in the future.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

DYSCD8 Land Conveyance – Department of Youth Services Property in Delaware County

Section: 753.140

(1) Authorizes the Governor to execute a deed in the name of the state conveying to one or more purchasers, and their successors and assigns or heirs and assigns, all of the state's right, title, and interest in certain real estate located in Delaware County.

(1) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.

(1) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.

(1) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.

(2) Specifies that the deed may contain any terms, conditions, and restrictions that the Director of Youth Services and the Director of Administrative Services determine to be in the best interest of the state.

(2) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.

(2) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.

(2) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.

(3) Specifies that the real estate may be sold as an entire tract or in parcels.

(3) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.

(3) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.

(3) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.

Executive	As Passed by the House	As Passed by the Senate	As Reported by Conference Committee
(4) Requires the purchaser or purchasers to pay the costs of the conveyance.	(4) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.	(4) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.	(4) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.
(5) Specifies that the net proceeds from the sale be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the Juvenile Correctional Building Fund.	(5) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.	(5) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.	(5) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.
(6) Specifies that the section authorizing the land conveyance expires three years after its effective date.	(6) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.	(6) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.	(6) No provision. Included in H.B. 512, As Introduced.
Fiscal effect: The sale of such real estate will generate a onetime revenue gain for the Juvenile Correctional Building Fund.			