

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Reported by Senate Finance

MEDCD2 Physician Assistant Prescriptive Authority

R.C. 3719.06, 4730.06, 4730.38 to 4730.42, 4730.401 (Repealed)

No provision.

Eliminates the requirement that the State Medical Board adopt and modify through rulemaking procedures the formulary that identifies the drugs that a physician assistant may be authorized to prescribe.

No provision.

No provision.

Authorizes the Board to make changes to the physician assistant formulary every six (as opposed to every 12) months.

No provision.

No provision.

Repeals an obsolete provision specifying that the formulary established by the Board of Nursing for advanced practice nurses would constitute, with the exclusion of schedule II controlled substances, the formulary for physician assistants.

No provision.

No provision.

Eliminates a prohibition on physician assistants prescribing to patients schedule II controlled substances, but limits the locations from which such substances may be prescribed without restrictions.

No provision.

No provision.

Prohibits a physician assistant from prescribing any schedule II controlled substance to a patient in a convenience care clinic.

No provision.

Fiscal effect: Potential minimal decrease in administrative costs.

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MEDCD4 Treatment of Chronic Pain with Controlled Substances and Products Containing Tramadol

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No provision.	No provision.	R.C. 4723.481, 4730.42, 4731.052 Narrows, relative to the diagnosis and treatment of chronic pain, the class of drugs for which physicians are subject to restrictions on the use of drugs to treat chronic pain from all dangerous drugs to only controlled substances and products containing tramadol.
No provision.	No provision.	Requires a physician's plan of treatment for a patient diagnosed with chronic pain to be in writing and include specific items.
No provision.	No provision.	Prohibits a physician from prescribing, administering, or personally furnishing a controlled substance or product containing tramadol to a patient without taking into account all of the following: (1) the potential for the controlled substance or product to be abused, (2) the possibility the controlled substance or product may lead to dependence, (3) the possibility the patient will obtain the controlled substance or product for a nontherapeutic use or distribute it to other persons, and (4) the potential existence of an illicit market for the controlled substance or product.
No provision.	No provision.	Requires a physician to address with a patient the physician treats for chronic pain with a controlled substance or product containing tramadol the risks associated with protracted treatment with those drugs.
No provision.	No provision.	Specifies that an advanced practice nurse or physician assistant who is authorized to prescribe controlled substances or products containing tramadol is subject to the same restrictions a physician is subject to when treating chronic pain with those drugs.

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Fiscal effect: Potential minimal increase in administrative costs to public health care providers.

MEDCD3 Clinical Research Faculty Certificates for Physicians

R.C. 4731.293

No provision.

Changes the name of the State Medical Board's visiting medical faculty certificate to clinical research faculty certificate.

No provision.

No provision.

Permits a certificate holder to practice medicine and surgery as incidental to the holder's research duties (in addition to the holder's teaching duties) at a medical school or teaching hospital affiliated with the school.

No provision.

No provision.

Specifies additional requirements that must be met to obtain an initial clinical research faculty certificate.

No provision.

No provision.

Permits the renewal of a clinical research faculty certificate and specifies the requirements for renewal.

No provision.

No provision.

Permits a person who was granted a visiting medical faculty certificate to apply for a clinical research faculty certificate as a renewal.

No provision.

Fiscal effect: Minimal increase in administrative costs. Minimal gain in fee revenue.

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MEDCD1 Certificates of Conceded Eminence

R.C. 4731.297

R.C. 4731.297

No provision.

Requires that the State Medical Board issue to an applicant who meets specified requirements a certificate of conceded eminence authorizing the practice of medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery as part of the applicant's employment with either an academic medical center or a physician group practice affiliated with an academic medical center.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Provides that a certificate of conceded eminence is generally valid for two years and may be renewed for an unlimited number of additional two-year periods.

Same as the House.

No provision.

Establishes a \$1,000 fee for obtaining or renewing a certificate of conceded eminence.

Same as the House.

Fiscal effect: Potential minimal increase in administrative costs to issue the certificate. Potential minimal gain in certificate revenue.

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.