partment of Taxation			Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1	
Executive				As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
	ercial Activ				
1	TAX	- 14	Changes to the Job Creation Tax Credi	t	
	R.C.	122.17		R.C. 122.17	R.C. 122.17
	aggregate p and part-tim	bayroll wit ne employ ob creatio	on tax credits based on annual hholdings (which include both full-time /ees) and payroll growth. (Current law n credit on new full-time employment	Same as the Executive, but clarifies that the credit may be based only on employee withholdings occurring on or after the day the taxpayer becomes eligible for the credit.	Same as the House.
	Requires the taxpayer to maintain operations at a project site for the greater of seven years or the term of credit plus three years (instead of twice the term of the credit as in current law). Authorizes the Tax Credit Authority to request a complete or partial refund of claimed credits if a taxpayer does not fulfill certain conditions of the tax credit.		ren years or the term of credit plus three ce the term of the credit as in current Tax Credit Authority to request a efund of claimed credits if a taxpayer	Same as the Executive, but requires that the refund a business may pay increases from 50% of the credit allowed and taken to 75%.	Same as the House.
	a business t Ohio facility	to relocat	e job relocation prohibition by permitting e Ohio jobs to a project from another siness notifies the local jurisdiction from <i>v</i> ill be removed.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
	Fiscal effect: This provision may reduce tax revenues (primarily from the commercial activity tax and the insurance taxes) due to less stringent criteria for obtaining the credits compared to current law. However, both the amount and the timing of the potential revenue loss are indeterminate, as they depend on the total amounts of credits authorized by the Ohio Tax Authority and credit claims by taxpayers.			Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

rtment of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive		As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
TAX - 15 Changes to the Job Retention Tax Cred	dit	
R.C. 122.171, 5725.98, 5729.98	R.C. 122.171, 5725.98, 5729.98	R.C. 122.171, 5725.98, 5729.98
Authorizes job retention tax credits based on annual aggregate payroll income tax withholdings (which include both full-time and part-time employees). (Current law bases the job retention tax credit on tax withholding from full-time employees only). Expands the tax credits to domestic and foreign insurance companies, and eliminates the additional credit available to call centers.	Same as the Executive, but requires the Superintendent of Insurance to consider applications filed by insurance companies and the Director of Development to consult with the Superintendent of Insurance in adopting rules to implement the credit.	Same as the House.
Reduces the minimum qualifying employment to at least 500 full-time employees (down from 1,000) and investment thresholds to \$50 million for manufacturing activity, and \$20 million for corporate administrative activity over three years (down from \$200 million).	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Limits the total credit that may be granted annually for projects approved after July 1, 2009 to \$13 million in 2010 and \$26 million in 2011. Increases the annual limit by \$13 million each year through 2024. Increases the annual limit for 2024 and thereafter to \$195 million.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Relaxes the intrastate job relocation prohibition by permitting a business to relocate Ohio jobs to a project from another Ohio facility if the business notifies the local jurisdiction from which the positions will be removed.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
No provision.	Increases the amount a business may be required to return to the state from 50% of credit allowed and taken to 75% if the business does not maintain operations at the project site for a period equal to the greater of seven years or the term of the credit plus three years.	Same as the House.

artment o	of Taxation					Main Operating Appropriations Bill		H. B. 1
Executive			As Pa	As Passed by the House		As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions		
reven string curre the re the to	Fiscal effect: These changes potentially reduce tax revenues from the commercial activity tax due to less stringent criteria for obtaining the credits compared to current law. However, both the amount and the timing of the revenue loss are indeterminate, as they depend on the total amounts of credits authorized by the Tax Credit Authority and credit claims by taxpayers.		Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.		Fiscal ef	fect: Same as the Executive.		
}	TAX - 16	Vario	ous Changes to the C	ommercial A	ctivity Tax	Law		
R.C.)51, 575	11, 5751.03, 5751.04 1.06, 5751.08, 5751.0	• •	R.C.	5751.01, 5751.11, 5751.03, 5751.04, 5751.04 5751.051, 5751.06, 5751.08, 5751.09, Section 399.20	5, R.C.	5751.01, 5751.11, 5751.03, 5751.04, 5751.05 5751.051, 5751.06, 5751.08, 5751.09, Section 399.20
	es various sul AT law.	bstantive	and nonsubstantive c	hanges to	Same as	the Executive.	Same as	s the Executive.
chang day af	ges the quart	terly retu of a quar	rn from February 9 to rn filing due date from ter to the tenth day of uarter.	the fortieth	Same as the Executive.		Same as	s the Executive.
than 3 taxabl were e opera	Requires new companies to register and pay a fee no later than 30 days after they first have more than \$150,000 in taxable gross receipts. (Under current law, new companies were exempt from paying the fee if they first began business operations after November 30 or generated less than \$150,000 as of December 1 of a calendar year).		Same as	the Executive.	Same as	s the Executive.		
of an a conso electe	affiliated gro blidated grou ed to be treat	oup that c p; permit ted as a c	D exemption applies to lo not elect to be treate s affiliated companies consolidated group to e initial election was m	ed as a that have change the	Same as	the Executive.	Same as	s the Executive.

partment of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1	
Executive		As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions	
Excludes from the tax base proceeds from insurance policies, unless they are for reimbursements of business losses; adds a new exclusion for payroll deduction by an employer to reimburse the employer for advances made on an employee's behalf to a third party; narrows the exclusion for membership dues to trade, professional, homeowners' or condominium association dues only.	Same as the Executive.		
Permits companies that registered or paid the CAT in 2005 or 2006 in error to have their registration cancelled and their tax payment refunded.	Same as the Executive, but requires the taxpayer not to have been required to file a return and pay the tax for 2006, 2007, or 2008 to be eligible.	Same as the House, but clarifies certain provisions authorizing taxpayers to have their registrations cancelled and their tax payment refunded.	
Fiscal effect: The provisions will decrease revenues from the CAT. However, the amount of revenue loss is indeterminate.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	
4 TAX - 60 CAT Exemption for Certain Transaction	ns Involving Petroleum Products		
		R.C. 5751.01, Section 757.20	
No provision.	No provision.	Exempts from the commercial activity tax exchanges of products derived from crude oil between licensed motor fuel dealers or licensed permissive motor fuel dealers when the delivery is made pursuant to an exchange agreement and delivery occurs at a refinery, terminal, pipeline, or marine vessel.	
		Fiscal effect: Reduces revenues from the CAT. LSC is unable to determine the revenue loss.	

Department of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
5 TAX - 50 Fine for Billing CAT Liability to	a Customer	
		R.C. 5751.06
No provision.	No provision.	Requires the Tax Commissioner to notify a taxpayer by certified mail the first time the taxpayer bills or invoices another person for the taxpayer's commercial activity tax liability and requires the Tax Commissioner to impose a \$500 fine for each subsequent violation. Specifies that the Tax Commissioner may, but is not required to impose a fine of up to \$500 for the taxpayer's first violation. Fiscal effect: Minimal revenue gain.
6 TAX - 7 Tax Reform System Implement	ation Fund	
R.C. 5751.20	R.C. 5751.20	R.C. 5751.20
Creates the Tax Reform System Implementation Func which will be credited 0.85% of commercial activity tax receipts for purposes of administering the tax.		Same as the Executive.
Permits newly authorized "substitute" school levies to treated as a continuation of emergency levies for purp of continuing reimbursement for business personal pro tax losses. (A substitute emergency levy, much like ev other emergency levy, yields a fixed sum of revenue o specified dollar amount. Fixed sum levies are not subj the H.B. 920 tax rate reduction factors. However, a substitute levy differs from other emergency levies in t fixed sum will grow as opposed to being a static amou	oses operty rery r a ect to hat the	Same as the Executive.

Departn	ment of Ta	axation			Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1	
	Executive			As Pa	ssed by the House		d by Senate Finance al Institutions
r F e 1 r s I F F T c c	Fiscal effect: Based on current forecasts, up to \$14 million in CAT receipts may be credited to the Tax Reform System Implementation Fund (GSF Fund 2280), each year of the biennium. Current law allows all emergency levies approved by voters prior to September 1, 2005 to qualify for TPP reimbursement if they are renewed by voters. Also, current law authorizes a substitute emergency levy to be equivalent to a renewal levy (H.B. 562 of the 127th General Assembly). The executive proposal harmonizes section 5751.20 of the Revised Code with existing law enacted in H.B. 562. Thus, the treatment of substitute school levies as a continuation of emergency levies for purposes of property tax loss reimbursements appears to have no fiscal effect. Distribution of the tax TAX - 9 New Markets Tax Credits		Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.		Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.		
ſ	R.C.		733.58, 5733.98, 5725.33, 5725.98,	R.C.	5733.01, 5733.58, 5733.98, 5725.33, 5725.98,	R.C.	5733.01, 5733.58, 5733.98, 5725.33, 5725.98,
ii a c	5729.16, 5729.98 Authorizes up to \$10 million of tax credits annually for insurance companies and financial institutions for purchasing and holding securities issued by low-income community organizations, in accordance with the federal New Markets Tax Credit law.		to invoice credits an limitations recapture business	5729.16, 5729.98 the Executive, but requires the Treasurer of State insurance companies in the procedure to recapture d specifies that the existing three-year statute of s on assessing unpaid taxes does not apply to the ; limits the amount of credit allowed for any one to \$1 million; removes investments in long-term rities from the definition of qualified investments.	e governing as of the e	<i>5729.16, 5729.98</i> he House, but specifies that the federal laws the terms used in the bill are those laws existing effective date of the Revised Code sections of the credits.	
١	No provisi	ion.		of the cre	es the Director of Development as the administrator dits and authorizes fees to defray expenses of ation of the credit. Eliminates the requirement that	Same as t	he House.

Department of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
	the issuer of equity investments certify to the Director the anticipated amount of qualified investments.	
Fiscal effect: Decreases revenues from the corporate franchise tax and insurance taxes. The revenue impact would potentially start in FY 2012.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.
Personal Income Tax 8 TAX - 6 Increase to the Technology Investment	t Tax Credit Limit	
R.C. 122.151	R.C. 122.151	R.C. 122.151
Increases from \$30 million to \$45 million the total amount of technology investment tax credits that may be issued to businesses engaged in research and development or technology development.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Fiscal effect: Decreases revenues from the personal income tax, the public utility tax, or the dealers in intangibles tax.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.
9 TAX - 20 Motion Picture Production Tax Credit		
R.C. 122.85, 5733.58, 5733.98, 5747.66, 5747.98	R.C. 122.85, 5733.58, 5733.98, 5747.66, 5747.98	R.C. 122.85, 5747.66, 5747.98, Section 701.90
Authorizes a refundable, nontransferable credit against the corporation franchise tax or the income tax for motion pictures produced at least partly in Ohio. Specifies that the credit equals 25% of eligible production expenditures for a motion picture production.	Same as the Executive, but specifies the credit equals 35% rather than 25% of total payroll expenditures on behalf of resident cast and crew wages.	Replaces the Executive provision with a provision that makes the income tax credit nonrefundable and transferable for individuals and pass-through entity owners who invest money in a motion picture production certified as a tax-credit eligible production before 2014. Removes the option of applying the credit against the corporate franchise tax.
Defines eligible production expenditures as those expenditures for goods or services purchased and consumed in Ohio including cast and crew wages. Limits credit eligible	Same as the Executive, except does not limit any expenditures for nonresident cast and crew wages.	Same as the House, except some enumerated examples of eligible production expenditures are added while still maintaining the discretion of the Director of Development in
Department of Taxation	7	Prepared by the Legislative Service Commission 6/3/2009

tment of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive		As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
expenditures for nonresident cast and crew wages to only one-tenth of the payroll expenditure. Specifies eligible production expenditures are only those expenditures made after the effective date of the enactment of this section of the bill.		determining eligible expenditures. Specifies that eligible production expenditures are only those expenditures mad in or after 2009 rather than after the effective date of the legislation.
Specifies motion picture productions eligible for the tax credit to include feature-length films, documentaries, and television series and other specified productions. Excludes news productions, coverage of sporting events, awards shows, productions for the purpose of fundraising and marketing, and certain productions with sexually explicit content.	Same as the Executive, but (1) expands productions eligible for the credit to include sound recordings, videos, music videos, videogames, commercials, interactive television and games, any format of digital media, and certain other specified productions, and also (2) limits productions eligible for the credit by excluding productions for purposes of political advocacy.	Same as the House.
Requires Ohio production expenditures to exceed \$1.2 million before a credit is authorized.	Same as the Executive, but decreases the minimum production expenditure threshold for the credit from \$1.2 million to \$300,000.	Same as the House.
Limits the amount of credits that may be allowed to \$20 million per fiscal biennium and \$5 million per production.	Same as the Executive, but further limits the amount of the tax credit allowed in the first year of the biennium to \$10 million.	Replaces the Executive provision with a provision that increases the maximum amount of available credits to \$1 million per year and \$25 million per production.
Specifies that, to be eligible for the credit, a production must be certified by the Director of Development. Permits the Director to charge a fee to accompany applications for the credit.	Same as the Executive, but also requires the Director of Development to adopt rules pursuant to Chapter 119.	Same as the House, but does not include a provision allowing for an application fee.
Establishes the Motion Picture Tax Credit Program Operating Fund to which fee revenues are deposited. Requires moneys in the fund to be used for Ohio Film Office expenses and to pay the costs of administering the tax credit.	Same as the Executive.	No provision.
No provision.	No provision.	Specifies that if the credit amount exceeds the tax liability the excess may be carried forward for not more than ten taxable years following the taxable year in which the cred first claimed.

Prepared by the Legislative Service Commission 6/3/2009

partment of Taxation			Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1	
	Executive			As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions	
Gov amo but The \$18 the May cert cos upo rais deto	Fiscal effect: Revenue loss to the GRF, the Local Government Fund, and the Public Library Fund. Loss amounts are likely to vary significantly from year to year, but will not exceed \$20 million over a fiscal biennium. The GRF would bear 94.1% of any such loss, or up to \$18.8 million per biennium, with the remainder borne by the local government funds. May increase costs to the Department of Development to certify productions and administer the tax credit. The cost may be defrayed by revenue from the fee charged upon application for a credit. The amount of revenue raised by the fee will depend on the amount of the fee as determined by the Director, and the number of applications for tax credits received.		Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive, but increases the total potential revenue loss to an amount that will not exceed \$100 million in a given year and does not establish a motion picture tax credit operating fund. Increases the administrative costs due to the transferability provision.	
			R.C. 149.308, 5747.113, Section 803.20	R.C. 149.308, 5747.113, 5907.111, Section 803.20	
No	provision.		R.C. 149.308, 5747.113, Section 803.20 Enables taxpayers to contribute all or a portion of a taxpayer's Ohio income tax refund to the Ohio Historical Society by checking a box on the taxpayer's Ohio income tax return, effective with tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009.	 R.C. 149.308, 5747.113, 5907.111, Section 803.20 Same as the House, but also creates an income tax refund "check-off" contribution that benefits the Ohio Veterans' Home Agency. Requires moneys from the check-off to be distributed among residents' benefit funds to be used specifically for advancement of veterans' services and assisting veterans with significant financial need. 	

partment of Taxation				Main Operating Appropriations Bill		H. B. 1	
Executive			As Passed by the House				
11	TAX - 41	Changes Made By the Federal America	n Recover	y and Reinvestment Act of 2009			
			R.C.	5701.11	R.C.	5701.11	
Nc	o provision.		law since taxable ye date of the law as it e and Reinv	tes into Ohio's tax law changes made to federal tax December 30, 2008, and permits a taxpayer whose ear ends after that date, but before the effective e incorporated changes, to elect to apply federal xisted before that date. (The American Recovery restment Act of 2009 - the federal "stimulus" bill - is bal federal act whose tax law changes would be red.)		the House.	
			income ta in FY 201 million in combined	ect: Reduces revenues from the personal ax by \$59.8 million in FY 2010 and \$10.4 million 1. Revenue loss to the GRF would be \$56.3 FY2010 and \$9.8 million in FY 2011. The d revenue loss to LGF and PLF would be \$3.5 FY 2010 and \$0.6 million in FY 2011.	Fiscal eff	ect: Same as the House.	
12	TAX - 5	Personal Income Tax Assessment					
R.	.C. 5747.13	}	R.C.	5747.13	R.C.	5747.13	
all file the	l of a personal inc es a petition for re e petition is not ba	irement that a taxpayer must pay some or come tax assessment when the taxpayer eassessment. Requires payment only if ased upon numerical computations or an of nexus with the state.	payment i	the Executive, except adds as a third condition for f the taxpayer's return was determined to be e, false, fraudulent, or frivolous.	Same as	the House.	
re		reduce Department of Taxation , the amount of any such reduction nate.	Fiscal eff	ect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal eff	ect: Same as the Executive	Э.

Department of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
13 TAX - 52 Allocation of Historic Preservation Tax	Credits among Partners	
		R.C. 5747.76, 5725.151
No provision.	No provision.	Authorizes taxpayers that are organized as a partnership or other form of pass-through entity to allocate the historic preservation tax credit among partners or other equity owners in proportions other than according to ownership interest proportions.
		Fiscal effect: None.
Property Taxes and Transfer Fees		
14 TAX - 1 Manufactured and Mobile Home Tax R	eduction Reimbursements	
R.C. 321.24, 319.302, 323.156, 4503.068	R.C. 321.24, 319.302, 323.156, 4503.068	R.C. 321.24, 319.302, 323.156, 4503.068
Consolidates into one annual payment the semiannual state reimbursement of local governments for the 10% and 2.5% property tax reductions for manufactured and mobile homes. Specifies that certification to the Tax Commissioner of the amount of these tax reductions is to be made by each county treasurer on or before the second Monday in September, and the annual reimbursement is to be made within 90 days thereafter. (Current law provides for certification on or before April 15 and September 15 of any adjustments to amounts certified previously, with half to be reimbursed upon receipt of each certification).	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.

Department of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
Fiscal effect: Delays but does not change the amoun reimbursed to local governments. In calendar year the amount of the 10% reduction for manufactured a mobile homes was \$2.6 million and the amount of th 2.5% reduction was \$0.4 million. This delay will red state payments by an estimated \$1.5 million in FY 20 only.	2007, and ne uce	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.
15 TAX - 57 Use of Delinquent Tax and Asse	ssment Collection Fund	

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 321.261

Authorizes the board of commissioners of any county to use money in the county's Delinquent Tax and Assessment Collection (DTAC) Fund for residential mortgage foreclosure prevention efforts and foreclosure-related problems, provided that this spending does not reduce the DTAC Fund reserve below 20% of the amount spent the preceding year to collect delinquent taxes (the original purpose of the DTAC Fund). Authorizes the board of commissioners of any county to use DTAC money to assist cities, villages, and townships in nuisance abatement. Permits the board of county commissioners of any county to spend DTAC money for "land reutilization" (not defined) if the county's investment advisory committee authorizes such spending.

Department of Taxation		Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive		As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
			Fiscal effect: May increase county spending for residential mortgage foreclosure prevention, nuisance abatement, and land reutilization. (Existing law permits DTAC money to be spent for abating foreclosed residential nuisances in counties having a 2006 population of more than 100,000 if the county treasurer or county prosecuting attorney approves such use. This existing authority is preserved.)
16 TAX - 46	Special Improvement Districts		
		R.C. 1710.02, 1710.01, 1710.03, 1710.04, 1710.06, 1710.10, 1710.13	
No provision.		Authorizes the creation of a special improvement district by certain existing nonprofit corporations, and provides for the governance of the district by the existing corporation's governing board instead of the creation of a new board. (Special improvement districts currently may be created by property owners to provide public improvements or services funded by local government bonds and special assessments levied on members of the district.) Requires that the existing corporation must have certain specified purposes and must have created a police department under existing law authorizing the establishment of a police department by certain nonprofit corporations (R.C. 1702.80) in order to create a special improvement district.	
		Fiscal effect: May facilitate the formation of additional special improvement districts.	

Department of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
17 TAX - 19 School District Conversion Levy for 20-r	mill Growth	
R.C. 5705.219, 5705.214, 5705.2110, 5705.29, 5751.20, 5751.21, Section 265.30.80	R.C. 5705.219, 5705.214, 5705.2110, 5705.29, 5751.20, 5751.21, Section 265.30.80	R.C. 5705.219, 5705.214, 5705.2110, 5705.29, 5751.20, 5751.21, Section 265.30.80
Authorizes school districts levying current expense taxes with an aggregate effective tax rate exceeding 20 mills on residential/agricultural real property to convert that excess millage, with voter approval, to a single levy for a specified amount of money and for a term of up to 10 years or continuously. (The levy conversion would have the effect of suspending future application of the "H.B. 920" tax reduction on the remaining 20 mills for so long as the district does not impose additional current expense millage for other than a fixed amount of money i.e., new millage other than an "emergency" levy or a renewal of the conversion levy.)	Same as the Executive, but specifies that a school district conversion levy applies to the tax year in which voters approve it and authorizes voters to repeal a conversion levy that originally was imposed for a continuing period of time. Specifies that, if a conversion levy is repealed, reimbursement based on passage of the levy is terminated.	Same as the House, but requires a conversion levy and a renewal of a conversion levy to be proposed only at a primary or general election.
Requires the state to reimburse a school district levying a conversion tax for the amount of tax revenue lost from nonresidential/agricultural real property and public utility personal property due to the conversion. Phases out the reimbursement over 13 years in increments equal to 50% of the annual inflationary revenue growth from residential/agricultural property resulting from the suspension of the H.B. 920 reduction.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Specifies that reimbursement ends when the computation results in a reimbursement of zero or after 2026, whichever occurs first; for purposes of tangible personal property tax reimbursement, specifies that the converted millage be reimbursed until it expires (instead of reimbursement being phased out by 2018) and that reimbursement be paid from GRF appropriation item 200901, Property Tax Allocation - Education.	Same as the Executive, but changes the latest year for which conversion levy reimbursement is authorized from 2025 to the thirteenth year after the year in which voters approved the conversion levy. Corrects a technical error in a provision providing for continued tangible personal property tax reimbursement for a qualifying school district fixed-sum levy if the levy is replaced with a "substitute" levy defined in section 5705.199 of the Revised Code.	
Department of Taxation	14	Prepared by the Legislative Service Commission 6/3/2009

partment of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
Authorizes school boards to propose conversion levies for four years (2010 through 2013). Specifies that the conversion levy must raise the same amount of revenue (from Class I property) as was raised from the levies being replaced.	Same as the Executive, but extends the period during which school boards may propose conversion levies to five years (2010 through 2014). Authorizes a school board eligible to impose a conversion levy under the bill to propose that the levy raise a smaller amount (from Class I property) than the levies that the conversion levy would replace. Specifies that, if the school board chooses to levy a smaller amount, it will not receive additional compensation for the nonresidential/agricultural real property and public utility tangible personal property losses incurred by a smaller conversion levy.	Same as the House, but authorizes a school board eligible to impose a conversion levy under the bill to impose that levy (with voter approval) in any year after 2009 rather than limiting the authority to the five year period specified in the House version.
No provision.	Prevents a school board eligible to impose a conversion levy under the bill from repealing fewer mills than is necessary to reduce the effective tax rate for current expense levies on residential/agricultural real property to 20 mills.	Same as the House.
Fiscal effect: Reimbursement cost for converted millage cannot be determined because it is subject to voter behavior.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.
8 TAX - 55 Internet Publication of Tax-Delinquent	Property Lists	
		R.C. 5721.03
No provision.	No provision.	Authorizes county auditors to publish the list of tax- delinquent real property and related preliminary notices on a website instead of in a newspaper.
		Fiscal effect: May reduce costs of county auditors' offices.

epartment of Taxation		kation Main Operating Appropriations Bill		H. B. 1
	Executive	As Passed by the Hous		As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
19	TAX - 37	Extend Hold Harmless Provision of CAT		
		Section: 399.10		Sections: 399.10, 5751.20, 5751.21, 5751.22, 5751.23
N	lo provision.	other than school districts d business tangible personal	ue losses of local taxing units lue to the phase-out of general property taxes through the state's affect school districts which under ss through FY 2011).	Same as the House, but also makes permanent the levy loss reimbursement for each school district (for which 70% of CAT revenue is earmarked) and each other local taxing unit (for which 30% of CAT revenue is earmarked) for the losses resulting from the phase-out of taxes on business personal property and telecommunications property. Eliminates the phase-down of reimbursement for county administrative fee losses which is scheduled to end in 2017, but which will still end in 2017, as under current law.
		units of local government fourteen-seventeenths of 100% of one-seventh of th the appropriation to line in these additional costs. Re GRF because the source line item 110981, in fund 7 tax; shortfalls in CAT reve reimburse school districts government are transferre	one-seventh of the losses to ne losses. Adds \$11,200,000 to tem 110981 in FY 2011 to pay educes funds available to the of funding for appropriation 7081, is the commercial activity enues from amounts needed to	Fiscal effect: Same as the House through FY 2011, except shifts 0.9659% or 1.1159% (depending on county tax collections in 2004) of the additional reimbursement in FY 2011 from other units of local government to county treasurers and auditors. For FY 2012 and thereafter, cost to the state to reimburse local governments is estimated in the hundreds of millions of dollars.

Department of Taxation			Main Operating Appropriations Bill		H. B. 1
	Executive			As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions	
20	TAX - 39	Property Tax Exemption, Remission for	Lessee Port Authority		
			Section: 757.10	Section: 757.10	
No	o provision.		Authorizes the exemption and remittance of taxes paid on airport property leased by a port authority that was precluded from exemption because the port authority did not own the property, as required under prior law, at the time it submitted the application for exemption.	Same as the House.	
			Fiscal effect: Will require the remittance of tax revenues for previous years by units of local government. Will not affect state payments to these units of local government, in LSC's estimation, because LSC does not anticipate that the Departments of Taxation or Education will adjust payments for changes to tax revenues for prior years.		
21	TAX - 61	Current Agricultural Use Value Amnest	y y		

No provision.

No provision.

Section: 757.30

Provides amnesty to a property owner whose property was wrongfully valued according to its current agricultural use value before July 1, 2009, if the owner so informs the county auditor or Tax Commissioner, or if the county auditor or Tax Commissioner discovers the wrongful valuation, on or after July 1, 2009, but before July 1, 2010.

partment o	of Taxation		Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive			As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
				Fiscal effect: May reduce real property tax receipts to school districts and other units of local government. Land converted from current agricultural use value is, apart from this provision, subject to a charge equal to the tax savings in the three years prior to conversion. May reduce payments of civil or criminal penalties on the owner of such land.
es and Us 2	<u>se Taxes</u> TAX - 23	Sales Taxation of Medicaid-Provided H	ealth Care Services	
R.C.	5739.01	1, 5739.03, 5739.033, 5739.051	R.C. 5739.01, 5739.03, 5739.033, 5739.051	R.C. 5739.01, 5739.03, 5739.033, 5739.051
or arra Medica those s those s "health	anged by a Ma aid enrollees services if feo services to ta h-care related tion in federal	nd use tax health care services provided edicaid health insuring corporation for residing in Ohio. Eliminates the tax on deral authorities determine that subjecting exation constitutes an impermissible d tax," the imposition of which results in a financial assistance for Medicaid	Same as the Executive, but makes technical changes.	Same as the House, but changes from September 1, 2009, to October 1, 2009, the date on which the services become taxable.
provis million under use ta Gover gain \$ Reven and tra	sion will incr n in FY 2010 the current ax revenues f rnment Fund 8.6 million in nues to local ransit author	executive proposal estimates that this ease revenue to the GRF by \$138.0 and by \$214.0 million in FY 2011; distribution of the share of sales and to local government funds, the Local I and the Public Library Fund would n FY 2010 and \$13.4 million in FY 2011. governments under permissive local ities sales taxes may be up to \$31.5 and \$48.9 million in FY 2011.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
Employment Services Sales Tax Exen	nption	
		R.C. 5739.01
	No provision.	Exempts from sales and use taxation employment service contracts that last at least one year and provide personnel for the construction, improvement, repair, or maintenance of real property when the personnel are subject to a multi- employer collective bargaining agreement.
		Fiscal effect: Potentially reduces revenue from the sales and use tax. Receipts from the tax are distributed to the GRF (94.1%) and the remainder to two local governmen funds, the LGF and PLF. Also reduces receipts from local permissive and transit authority sales taxes.
Lodging Tax: Definition of Hotel		
	R.C. 5739.09	
	Permits local authorities to modify the definition of which hotels are subject to local lodging taxes by specifying that "hotel" includes establishments at which rooms are used for the accommodation of guests regardless of whether each room is accessible through the same keyed entry; and, in determining the number of rooms, all rooms are included regardless of the number of structures in which the rooms are situated or the number of parcels of land on which the structures are located, if the structures are under the same	No provision.
		As Passed by the House Employment Services Sales Tax Exemption No provision. No provision. Endging Tax: Definition of Hotel R.C. 5739.09 Permits local authorities to modify the definition of which hotels are subject to local lodging taxes by specifying that "hotel" includes establishments at which rooms are used for the accommodation of guests regardless of whether each room is accessible through the same keyed entry; and, in determining the number of rooms, all rooms are included regardless of the number of parcels of land on which the

Fiscal effect: May increase revenues to counties, townships, or municipal corporations from the lodging tax.

epartment of Taxation		Main Operating Appropriations	s Bill H. B. 1
E	Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
25	TAX - 49	Sales Tax Exemption for Concrete Pump Trucks	
			R.C. 5739.011, (B)(14)
No p	No provision.	No provision.	Exempts from sales and use taxation machinery and equipment used to pump concrete and concrete-related products.
			Fiscal effect: Decreases GRF revenues from the state sales and use tax by an amount LSC is unable to determine. GRF receives 94.1% of state sales tax revenues. Also decreases distributions to two local government funds, LGF and PLF,which receive the remainder of state sales tax revenues. Decreases revenues from local permissive county permissive and transit authority sales taxes.

26 TAX - 18 Vendor Discount

R.C. 5739.12, 1548.06, 4505.06, 4519.55

Increases the sales tax prompt-pay vendor discount from
0.75% to 1.0% of the amount of tax remitted, but caps it at
\$100 per month, beginning August 1, 2009. Permits dealers
of titled vehicles to claim the discount on reports covering the
time period when a sale is made, instead of when the dealer
remits sales tax collections to the clerk of courts.No provision.No provision.Fiscal effect: Increases GRF sales and use tax revenues
by about \$26.1 million in FY 2010 and \$28.8 million in FY
2011. Gain to the Local Government Fund and the Public
Library Fund would be \$1.6 million in FY 2010 and \$1.8
million in FY 2011.No provision.

partment of Taxation	n	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive		As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
watt-hour and Nat	tural Gas Consumption Taxes		
27 TAX - 51	Natural Gas Distribution Tax		
			R.C. 5727.881
No provision.		No provision.	Extends to natural gas distributors with 70,000 or fewer customers the authority currently held by natural gas distributors with 50,000 or fewer customers to aggregate all of the natural gas distributed by the company in the state when determining the tax rate.
			Fiscal effect: Currently, for natural gas distributors with more than 50,000 customers, the tax rate varies according to the volume distributed to each customer (a lower rate on higher volumes), so aggregating all customer volumes for distributors with 70,000 or fewer customers reduces the total tax due. LSC does not hav an estimate at this time of the amount of this tax loss. Revenues from the natural gas distribution tax are distributed to the School District Property Tax Replacement Fund (Fund 7053), which receives 68.7% of the revenues, and to the Local Government Property Ta Replacement Fund (Fund 7054), which receives 31.3% of the revenues. If amounts in these funds are insufficient to make payments required under R.C. 5727.85 and 5727.86, the difference is to be transferred from the General Revenue Fund.

Department of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
<u>Cigarette Taxes</u> 28 TAX - 11 Tobacco License Fee Changes		
R.C. 5743.15, 5743.61	R.C. 5743.15, 5743.61, Section 812.10	R.C. 5743.15, 5743.61, Section 812.10
Increases the licensing fees for the sale of tobacco products to the following levels: (1) \$1,000 (up from \$200) for the annual fee for the wholesale of cigarettes; (2) \$125 (up from \$30) for the annual fee for retail sales of cigarettes; (3) \$1,000 (up from \$100) for the annual fee for the sale of tobacco products other than cigarettes. Authorizes cigarette retail licenses to be used at an unlimited number of places of business, instead of on a per-place basis, but prohibits a wholesale or retail licensee to assign the license to another person.	Same as the Executive, but requires that the proposed license fees for retailers and wholesalers be paid for each place of business instead of all places of business.	Same as the House, but eliminates an erroneous reference to an application fee having to be paid before the Tax Commissioner verifies that an applicant is in good standing as a cigarette manufacturer or importer under applicable law.
Increases amounts collected from wholesale cigarette licenses paid into the Cigarette Tax Enforcement Fund to 100% (up from 47.5%) of total license collections; eliminates distributions of wholesale cigarette license fee revenues paid to municipal corporations or townships where the business is located (currently 37.5%) and to the county general fund (currently 15%). Redistributes amounts collected from retail cigarette licenses as follows: 60% paid into the Cigarette Tax Enforcement Fund (up from 15%); 30% to the municipal corporation or township where the business is located (decreased from 62.5%); 10% to the county general fund (decreased from 22.5%).		Same as the Executive.
No provision.	Transfers from County Auditors to the Tax Commissioner the responsibility for issuing wholesale cigarette licenses.	Same as the House.
Department of Taxation	22	Prepared by the Legislative Service Commission 6/3/2009

epartment of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive		As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
No provision.	Increases the retail license replacement fee from 50 cents to \$5 and the transfer fee (from one place of business to another) for such licenses from \$1 to \$5. Increases the wholesale license replacement fee from 50 cents to \$25 and the transfer fee from \$1 to \$25. Imposes a \$25 fee to replace a tobacco product distribution license and to transfer such a license from one place of business to another place of business of the same licensee.	Same as the House.
No provision.	Requires late cigarette license fees collected by county auditors to be sent to the Treasurer of State by the last day of the month following the month in which the money was collected, rather than by December 31.	Same as the House.
No provision.	Specifies that the cigarette and tobacco product licensing provisions take effect January 1, 2010.	Same as the House.
Fiscal effect: These changes increase revenue from license fees from wholesalers and retailers. The provision also increases revenues to the Cigarette Tax Enforcement Fund (Fund 6390) by up to \$1.8 million per year.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive, except the delay in implementation of the cigarette and tobacco product licensing potentially reduces revenues to the Cigarette Tax Enforcement Fund.	Fiscal effect: Same as the House.
ther Taxation Provisions		
29 TAX - 56 Protected Public Record Status for Inv	restigators of the Bureau of Criminal Identification and Investion	gation
		R.C. 149.43, 149.45, 319.28, 319.54
No provision.	No provision.	Exempts from the definition of a public record the residential and familial information of investigators of the Bureau of Criminal Identification and Investigation. Requires county auditors to use initials in place of names of protected individuals on any record made available to the general public on the Internet or a publicly accessible database.
epartment of Taxation	23	Prepared by the Legislative Service Commission 6/3/20

epartment of Taxation		Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive		As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
			Fiscal effect: May increase county auditors' costs.
30 TAX - 42	Venture Capital Tax Credit	R.C. 150.01, 150.02, 150.03, 150.04, 150.07, and 4582.71	R.C. 150.01, 150.02, 150.03, 150.04, 150.07, and 4582.71
No provision.		Authorizes port authorities to issue revenue bonds for the research and development purposes of Section 2p, Article VIII, Ohio Constitution, lend the bond proceeds to venture capital funds through the Ohio Venture Capital Authority Program Fund, and to claim refundable venture capital program tax credits to cover losses (claiming the credits either directly or through a trustee). The bond proceedings may include, among other terms, a covenant by the state that the venture capital tax credits shall be preserved as fully refundable tax credits in amounts sufficient to pay the port authorities' debt service and reserves for as long as the port authority bonds are outstanding.	Same as the House.
		Fiscal effect: The provision expands the Ohio Venture Capital Program and potentially decreases state tax revenue collections. Venture capital tax credits generally may be claimed against the dealers in intangibles tax, the domestic and foreign insurance taxes, the public utility excise tax, the corporate franchise tax, and the personal income tax.	Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

partment of Taxati	on	Main Operating Appropriations	Bill H. B. 1
Executive		As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
31 TAX - 3	3 Timing of County Auditor Reimbursem	ent for Expense of Expanded Homestead Exemp	otion
R.C. 319	9.54	R.C. 319.54	R.C. 319.54
expenses asso exemption elig	compensation to county auditors for additional ociated with expansion of homestead libility in H.B. 119 of the 127th General baid semi-annually instead of annually.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
compensation half to be paid September 9, manufactured	Does not alter the total amount of n but shifts the timing, with approximately d by March 16 or 17 and the rest by instead of all on August 1. For the home tax, approximately half is to be paid d the rest by October 15.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 351.021

Authorizes a convention facilities authority (CFA) in a county having a population of between 100,000 and 150,000 to levy a lodging tax (with the approval of the board of county commissioners) of up to 3% to finance the construction of a convention, entertainment, or sports facility (including through the issuance and retirement of CFA bonds), fund the operation and maintenance of the facility, and pay the CFA's operating costs. Subjects the CFA's authority to levy the tax to referendum if a valid petition signed by 10% of county electors is filed within 30 days after the board of county commissioners adopts its resolution authorizing the CFA to proceed with the tax levy.

partment of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive		As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
		Fiscal effect: None on the state, permissive on eligible counties.
33 TAX - 17 Municipal Income Taxation of Justices an	nd Certain Judges	
R.C. 718.04 F	R.C. 718.04	R.C. 718.04
corporation of residence to levy an income tax on the income p	Same as the Executive, but delays the applicability of proposed changes to the municipal income tax to January 1, 2010.	Same as the House.
Fiscal effect: None on the state. However, the provision F potentially increases municipal income tax revenue to Columbus and certain other municipalities.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.
TAX - 28 Use of Department of Taxation Enforcem	nent Fund	
R.C. 2981.13 F	R.C. 2981.13	R.C. 2981.13
Includes the Department of Taxation as an entity authorized to determine how money in the Department of Taxation Enforcement Fund (GSF 2250, appropriation item 110626) is to be utilized for law enforcement purposes.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Fiscal effect: None F	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

epartment of Taxation			Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1	
	Exe	ecutive		As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
35		TAX - 8	Ohio Grape Industries Fund		
	R.C.	4301.43		R.C. 4301.43	R.C. 4301.43
			e 30, 2011, the extra 2 cents earmark of dited to the Ohio Grape Industries Fund.	Same as the Executive, but specifies that the earmark of wine tax revenue credited to the Ohio Grape Industries Fund is effective July 1, 2009 rather than immediately after the bill's passage.	Same as the House.
			ains current revenues to the Ohio und (Fund 4960).	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.
36	-	TAX - 24	Employee Classification		
	R.C.	5703.05		R.C. 5703.05	
	and Sta		ement that employees of the Research n of the Department of Taxation be in service.	Same as the Executive.	No provision.
	Fiscal	effect: None.		Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	

epartment o	of Taxation			Main Operating Appropriations Bill		H. B. 1
E>	xecutive		As Passed by the House As Reported by Senate and Financial Institution			
37	TAX - 53	Disclosure of Information by Agent of t	he Department o	of Taxation		
					R.C.	5703.21, 5747.18
No pro	ovision.		No provision.		information Industrial Compens that misc that do n Authorize	es the Department of Taxation to disclose on to the Department of Job and Family Services, I Commission, and Bureau of Workers' sation in order to enable them to identify employers classify employees as independent contractors or tot properly report and pay employer taxes. es the release of information only as is necessary to poloyer compliance with Ohio law administered by encies.
					Departm permitte	fect: May result in increased cost to the ent of Taxation to disclose the information d by this change. This possible cost increase nore than offset by increased revenue.
38	TAX - 2	Department of Taxation Notice Require	ements			
R.C.		7, 4303.331, 5728.12, 5739.131, 6, 5749.12, and 5751.09		3.37, 4303.331, 5728.12, 5739.131, 7.16, 5749.12, and 5751.09	R.C.	5703.37, 4303.331, 5728.12, 5739.131, 5747.16, 5749.12, and 5751.09
Depar includ	rtment of Taxa	requirements governing how the ation is to send notices to taxpayers, as for when mail is returned undeliverable, umption of constructive service.	Same as the E addresses.	xecutive, but clarifies terminology regarding	g Same as changes.	the House, but makes additional nonsubstantive .
the pr	rovision may	etting clear and uniform procedures, facilitate increased efficiency in ation operations.	Fiscal effect:	Same as the Executive.	Fiscal ef	fect: Same as the Executive.

partment of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
9 TAX - 4 Increases in Credits to the Property Ta	x Administration Fund	
R.C. 5703.80	R.C. 5703.80	R.C. 5703.80
Increases the percentage of taxes used to fund the state's administration of property taxes: (1) From 0.35% of the state's reimbursement for the 10% real property tax rollback to 0.42% for FY 2010 and 0.48% thereafter; and (2) From 0.725% of the taxes charged against public utility personal property and business personal property of multi-county taxpayers to 0.8% for FY 2010 and 0.951% thereafter.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Fiscal effect: These provisions will increase funding to GSF Fund 5V80 appropriation item 110623, Property Tax Administration Fund, by about \$1.2 million in FY 2010 and \$2.6 million in FY 2011. Since the tax on personal property of general business has been phased out, the provision for credits to the Property Tax Administration Fund based on the amount of this tax will not result in any funding. The tax does remain on personal property of telephone and inter-exchange telecommunications companies, but under current law that is being phased out during the upcoming biennium, which will reduce the amount of funding.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

epar	tment of Taxation		Main Operating Appropriations B	BillH. B. 1
	Executive		As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
40	TAX - 22	Domestic and Foreign Insurance Taxe	s - Medicaid Managed Care	
	R.C. 5725.18	3, 5725.25, 5729.03	R.C. 5725.18, 5725.25, 5729.03	R.C. 5725.18, 5725.25, 5729.03
	companies within the insurance company it is headquartered domestic insurance	bremiums received by insurance the tax bases of these taxes. If the is a domestic insurance company, i.e., if in Ohio, includes the premiums in the tax base. If the company is nother state, includes the premiums in the ax base.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
	provision will incr	executive proposal estimates this rease revenue to the GRF by \$25.1 and by \$39.1 million in FY 2011.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.
41	TAX - 27	Technical Corrections - Personal Prop	erty Tax, and Corporate Franchise Tax	
	R.C. 5733.04	1, 5711.33	R.C. 5733.04, 5711.33	R.C. 5733.04, 5711.33
	administration statu	ference error in a personal property tax ute and the definition of "qualified holding rate franchise tax statutes.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
	Fiscal effect: None	е.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

epar	tment of Ta	axation			Main Operating Appropriations Bill		H. B. 1
Executive		utive				ed by Senate Finance cial Institutions	
42	ТА	X - 36	Motor Fuel Tax Discount				
43	pay the ta that allow timely. Ma motor fue Fiscal eff indeterm	ax or who tir s a discoun akes some o I tax statute f ect: Poten	5735.142 uel tax discount for taxpayers who timely nely file the return. Changes current law t if both the payment and the report are other nonsubstantive changes to the e entitling transit authorities to refunds. tial revenue loss, but the amount is School District Income Tax	1	sion.	No provis	sion.
	R.C.	5748.02, 5748.03	3317.021, 3317.0216, 3317.08,	R.C.	5748.02, 3317.021, 3317.0216, 3317.08, 5748.03	R.C.	5748.02, 3317.021, 3317.0216, 3317.08, 5748.03
	district's to obligation operation the project associate Authorize	ly excludes uition rate o to levy at le of the district cost, debt d with a sta s a school o ously expiri	, from the determination of a school or whether the district has met its east the equivalent of 20 mills for ict, income tax revenues allocated for t service, or maintenance set-aside te-assisted school facilities project. district to combine two or more ng income tax levies into a single	Same as	s the Executive.	Same as	the Executive.
		fect: Minim	al.	Fiscal e	ffect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal eff	fect: Same as the Executive.

Departmei	Department of Taxation		Main Operating Appropriations Bill		H. B. 1
	Executive		As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions	
44	TAX - 12	Salt Severance Tax Revenue Use			
R.C	C. 5749.02	(B)	R.C. 5749.02(B)		
to b and cre	be used for Lake d recreation facilit dited to the Unre	verance tax revenue from salt extraction Erie water and shore erosion protection ties. (Currently, this share of revenue is claimed Lands Fund (Fund 5290) used of Natural Resources.)	Replaces the Executive provision with a provision that requires that all revenue from the salt severance tax be credited to the Geological Mapping Fund.	No provision.	
Fui Re:	nd (Fund 5140), sources, from th	ases revenue to the Permit and Lease used by the Department of Natural ne severance tax on salt extraction. crease in revenue to Fund 5290.	Fiscal effect: Eliminates the revenue increase to Fund 5140 and instead allocates that increase to the Geological Mapping Fund (Fund 5110).		
45	TAX - 47	Technical Changes			
			Section: 399.10	Section: 399.10	
No	provision.		Changes the name of the Litter Control and Natural Resource Tax Administration Fund to the Income Tax Contribution Administration Fund (Fund 4370).	Same as the House.	
			Fiscal effect: None.	Fiscal effect: None.	

Department of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
Appropriation Language 46 TAX - 29 Homestead Exemption, Property Tax R	ollback, and Tangible Tax Exemption	
Section: 399.10	Section: 399.10	Section: 399.10
Requires GRF appropriation item 110901, Property Tax Allocation - Taxation to be used to pay the state's cost, except to school districts, incurred due to the Homestead Exemption, the Manufactured Home Property Tax Rollback, and the Property Tax Rollback. Requires these funds are to be distributed by the Tax Commissioner directly to local taxing districts. Appropriates additional amount if necessary.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
47 TAX - 30 Municipal Income Tax		
Section: 399.10	Section: 399.10	Section: 399.10
Specifies that appropriation item 110995, Municipal Income Tax, in the Agency Fund Group, be used for payments to municipal corporations under section 5745.05 of the Revised Code. Appropriates additional amount if necessary.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
48 TAX - 31 Tax Refunds		
Section: 399.10	Section: 399.10	Section: 399.10
Specifies that appropriation item 110635, Tax Refunds, in the Agency Fund Group, be used to pay for tax refunds under section 5703.052 of the Revised Code. Appropriates additional amount if necessary.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.

Depar	tment of Taxation		Main Operating Appropriations Bill		H. B. 1
	Executive		As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions	
49	TAX - 32	International Registration Plan Audit			
	Section: 399.10		Section: 399.10	Section: 399.10	
	International Regist 5703.12 of the Revi	Fund 4C60 appropriation item 110616, ration Plan, be used under section ised Code for audits of persons with under the International Registration Plan.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.	
50	TAX - 33	Travel Expenses for the Streamlined S	ales Tax Project		
	Section: 399.10		Section: 399.10	Section: 399.10	
	4350 appropriation	nmissioner to use funds from SSR Fund item 110607, Local Tax Administration, to to Streamlined Sales Tax Project	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.	
51	TAX - 34	Centralized Tax Filing and Payment Fu	nd		
	Section: 399.10		Section: 399.10	Section: 399.10	
	up to \$400,000 in th Centralized Tax Fili	or of Budget and Management to transfer ne biennium from the GRF to the ng and Payment Fund (Fund 5W40), e Department of Taxation.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.	

Depar	tment of Taxation		Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
	Executive		As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
52	TAX - 35	Tobacco Settlement Enforcement		
	Section: 399.10		Section: 399.10	Section: 399.10
	Settlement Enforcen to pay costs incurred	appropriation item 110404, Tobacco nent, be used by the Tax Commissioner d in the enforcement of divisions (F) and 03 in the Revised Code.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
53	TAX - 25	Income Tax Distribution to Counties		
	Section: 503.70		Section: 503.70	Section: 503.70
	the Ohio Constitution income, estate, and	Inds to make any payment required by n's provision that not less than 50% of inheritance taxes collected by the state listrict, city, village, or township be diction.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
	Fiscal effect: May r of funds in the GR	equire appropriation and expenditure 	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

Department of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
54 DAS - 18 STARS System		
Section: 207.10.30	Section: 207.10.30	Section: 207.10.30
Authorizes DAS, in conjunction with the Department of Taxation, to acquire the State Taxation Accounting and Revenue System (STARS) pursuant to Chapter 125 of the Revised Code, including the application software and implementation and installation of the system.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Fiscal effect: GRF appropriation item 100416, STARS Lease Rental Payments, appropriates \$4,977,600 in FY 2010 and \$7,638,500 in FY 2011 for this purpose.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

Department of Taxation			Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H	H. B. 1
Executive			As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions	
55	DEV - 56	Incentives for Sporting Events			
			R.C. 122.12, 122.121, Section 812.10		
	(1) No provision.		(1) Creates a financial incentive for municipal corporations or counties to enter into joinder agreements with sporting event site selection organizations to attract sporting events to Ohio including NCAA Bowl Championship Series and Final Four games, the Olympics, and all-star major-league basketball, baseball, and hockey games, and World Cup Soccer games.		
	(2) No provision.		(2) Requires that the funds be disbursed from the General Revenue Fund by the Director of Budget and Management, upon certification by the Director of Development, in an amount equal to the estimated incremental increase in state sales tax collections from holding the event in Ohio if the estimated increase is at least \$250,000.	(2) No provision.	
	(3) No provision.		(3) Caps the amount that may be received by a single eligible entity at \$500,000, and caps the total annual amount that may be awarded at \$1,000,000.	(3) No provision.	
			Fiscal effect: Potentially increases GRF expenditures in FY 2011 and thereafter to provide incentives of up to \$1,000,000 per year (up to \$500,000 per eligible entity) to attract certain sporting events to Ohio.		

partment of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive		As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
56 INS - 18 Health Insurance Coverage of Depende	nt Children	
R.C. 3923.24, 1739.05, 1751.14, 3923.241, 5747.01, Sections 803.10, 803.20	R.C. 3923.24, 1739.05, 1751.14, 3923.241, 5747.01, Sections 803.10, 803.12, 803.20	
accident insurance policies, health insuring corporation plans, multiple employer welfare arrangements, and public employee benefit plans) that provide coverage for unmarried dependent children extend coverage, under certain conditions, until the dependent child reaches 29 years of age.	(1) Same as the Executive, but requires insurers to offer coverage at the insured's request, rather than requiring coverage of those dependents automatically. Specifies that the proposed offer of coverage does not require employers to pay for any part of the premium for an unmarried child that has already attained the normally limiting age specified in the policy. Specifies that multiple employer welfare arrangements must provide the same information that insurers are required to provide under the bill regarding limiting age for a dependent child's health insurance coverage.	(1) No provision.
(2) Exempts these provisions from the existing law requirement that the Superintendent of Insurance review all new health benefit mandates before a mandate may take effect.	(2) Same as the Executive.	(2) No provision.
(3) Allows an Ohio income tax deduction for the portion of payments for employer-sponsored health insurance that would normally be excluded from federal adjusted gross income but is not because it relates to a person who is not a "qualifying dependent" for federal income tax purposes. Additionally allows an Ohio income tax deduction for amounts the taxpayer paid for medical care insurance or qualified long-term care insurance for certain relatives that are members of the taxpayer's household.	(3) Same as the Executive, but removes a requirement that employers separately identify additional premium costs for coverage of older dependent children.	(3) No provision.

Department of Taxation	Main Operating Appropriations Bill	
Executive	As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions

Fiscal effect: Increase in the cost to the state and to local governments to provide health benefits to employees and their dependents. The increase in cost to the state may be in the millions in FY 2010 and is estimated to be approximately \$9 million in FY 2011 and future fiscal years. The costs would be paid by the State Employee Health Benefit Fund (Fund 8080), of which somewhat less than half would be derived from GRFsupported payroll. The increase in cost to municipalities, townships, and counties is estimated to be approximately \$31.5 million per year statewide, and the costs to school districts are estimated to be approximately \$36.7 million statewide, starting in the first fiscal year that the requirement is fully phased in. The executive proposal estimates that the tax provisions would result in a loss of GRF revenue from the income tax of approximately \$6.0 million in FY 2011. That implies a loss of approximately \$0.4 million to the local government funds.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive for the tax provision, but permissive for other provisions. Potential increase in expenditures for the state and local governments, if they pay for any part of the premium for such coverage. H. B. 1

epartment of Taxation Executive		Main Operating Appropriations Bill				H. B. 1		
		cutive				As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions		
57	E	30R - 2	Eastern Gateway Community College					
R	.C.	3354.24		R.C.	3354.24, Section 515.10	R.C.	3354.24, Section 515.10	
Replaces the Jefferson Community College District Eastern Gateway Community College District by territories of Columbiana, Mahoning, and Trumbu Establishes an 11-member board of trustees, inc chosen from residents of Jefferson County and e from residents of Columbiana, Mahoning, and Tr counties. Divides the Eastern Gateway Commun District into two taxing subdistricts: one including county, and the other including Columbiana, Mah Trumbull counties. Authorizes the electors of ea subdistrict to approve property tax or bond issua solely for the benefit of the residents of those sul counties who attend Eastern Gateway Communi		mmunity College District by adding the ana, Mahoning, and Trumbull counties. ember board of trustees, including three is of Jefferson County and eight chosen umbiana, Mahoning, and Trumbull e Eastern Gateway Community College g subdistricts: one including Jefferson including Columbiana, Mahoning, and uthorizes the electors of each e property tax or bond issuance, or both, of the residents of those subdistrict	transitic College District liabilities the form	s the Executive, but adds language related to the n by renaming the Jefferson County Community District as the Eastern Gateway Community College and assigning all powers, duties, obligations, s, employees, and property of the board of trustees of her District to the board of trustees of the new d District.		as the House.		
In G al C re	nstruc Jatewa Ilocati College eceive	tion subsidy ay Communit ions received e. Eastern Ga	10 and FY 2011 State Share of formula allocations for Eastern y College will be based on the I by Jefferson State Community ateway Community College may unding if the new subdistrict passes je.	Fiscal e	effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal e	effect: Same as the Executive	

Department of Taxation		Main Operating Appropriations Bill	H. B. 1
Executive		As Passed by the House	As Reported by Senate Finance and Financial Institutions
58 SFC - 19	School Facilities Assistance Rankings		
			R.C. 3318.011, Section 385.93
No provision.	No	o provision.	Specifies that if a school district's tangible personal property valuation made up 20% or more of it's total taxable value on August 31, 2005, it's 3-year "average taxable value" used for computing wealth percentile rankings of school districts for school facilities assistance is only the 3-year average of the sum of its real property valuation (rather than of its real property valuation and its tangible personal property valuation as under current law). Continues to compute "average taxable value" as under current law for all other school districts.
			Requires the Department of Education to calculate and certify to SFC a new "alternate equity list" for use in FY 2010 using the bill's definition of "average taxable value", as described above. Specifies that any district already offered assistance for FY 2010 continues to be eligible for assistance that fiscal year.
			Fiscal effect: Some districts may be lower on the equity list and some may be higher in FY 2010. The equity list affects a district's local share and when a district is served under SFC's Classroom Facilities Assistance Program.