

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
<p>DRCCD11 Body-worn cameras – correctional and youth services employees</p> <p>R.C. 149.43</p> <p>Modifies the public records exception for "restricted portions of a body-worn or dashboard camera recording" by adding a reference to correctional employees and youth services employees in each place there is a reference to peace officers and law enforcement.</p> <p>Fiscal effect: Potential savings, as this modification may make it is easier for DRC and DYS to determine what is a public record than otherwise may be the case under a related body-worn camera provision that took effect April 4, 2023 pursuant to S.B. 288 enacted by the 134th G.A.</p>	<p>R.C. 149.43</p> <p>Same as the Executive.</p> <p>Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>R.C. 149.43</p> <p>Same as the Executive.</p> <p>Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.</p>
<p>DRCCD13 Offense of “engaging in prostitution with a person with a developmental disability”</p> <p>R.C. 2907.231</p> <p>Creates the offense of “engaging in prostitution with a person with a developmental disability” and makes a violation a third degree felony (under current law a violation of the offense of engaging in prostitution is a first degree misdemeanor).</p> <p>Defines “person with a developmental disability” as a person whose ability to resist or consent to an act is substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition or because of advanced age.</p> <p>Prohibits a person from recklessly inducing, enticing, or procuring another to engage in sexual activity for hire in exchange for the person giving anything of value to the other person if the other person is a person with a developmental disability and the offender knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the other person is a person with a developmental disability.</p> <p>Fiscal effect: None. Already enacted in S.B. 288 of the 134th G.A.</p>	<p>No provision.</p> <p>No provision.</p> <p>No provision.</p>	<p>No provision.</p> <p>No provision.</p> <p>No provision.</p>

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
<p>DRCCD12 Disability intimidation</p> <p>R.C. 2927.12</p> <p>Creates the offense of “disability intimidation” and makes a violation an offense of the next higher degree than the offense the commission of which is a necessary element of disability intimidation.</p> <p>Defines the term “disability” as a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, including the functions of caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, and working; a record of a physical or mental impairment; or being regarded as having a physical or mental impairment.</p> <p>Prohibits a person from committing aggravated menacing, menacing, criminal damaging or endangering, criminal mischief, or specified prohibited telecommunications harassment conduct by reason of the disability of another person or group of persons if the other person is a person with a disability, the person knows or reasonably should know that the other person is a person with a disability, and it is the person's specific purpose to commit the offense against a person with a disability.</p> <p>Fiscal effect: Minimal impact on state and local criminal justice systems.</p>	<p>R.C. 2927.12</p> <p>Same as the Executive.</p> <p>Same as the Executive.</p> <p>Same as the Executive.</p> <p>Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>No provision.</p> <p>No provision.</p> <p>No provision.</p>
<p>DRCCD8 Targeted Community Alternatives to Prison (T-CAP) Program</p> <p>R.C. 2929.34, 5149.38</p> <p>Permits a voluntary county to participate in the Targeted Community Alternatives to Prison (T-CAP) Program by submitting a memorandum of understanding (MOU), either as a single county or jointly with other counties, to DRC for approval.</p>	<p>R.C. 2929.34, 5149.38</p> <p>Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>R.C. 2929.34, 5149.38</p> <p>Same as the Executive.</p>

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
Requires DRC to establish deadlines for a voluntary county to indicate the voluntary county’s participation in the T-CAP Program before each state fiscal biennium.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Requires DRC, in reviewing a submitted MOU, to prioritize a voluntary county that has previously been a voluntary county.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Permits DRC to review a MOU for a new voluntary county if the General Assembly has appropriated sufficient funds for that purpose.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Changes the program name “Targeting Community Alternatives to Prison” to “Targeted Community Alternatives to Prison.”	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Fiscal effect: Certain counties could receive more or less funding than otherwise may have been the case under current law and practice.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.
DRCCD9 Victim conference communications		
R.C. 2930.16	R.C. 2930.16	R.C. 2930.16
Provides that communications during a victim conference held prior to a parole hearing in the case of a prisoner who is incarcerated for the commission of aggravated murder, murder, or an offense of violence that is a felony of the first, second, or third degree or is under a sentence of life imprisonment are confidential and are not public records.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Fiscal effect: None, as codifies current practice.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.
DRCCD10 "Unfavorable" termination of post-release control		
R.C. 2967.16	R.C. 2967.16	R.C. 2967.16
Changes the law pertaining to the Adult Parole Authority's (APA's) functions with respect to the termination of an offender's post-release control (PRC) as follows:	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.

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<p>Replaces the requirement that APA classify the termination as "favorable" or "unfavorable," depending on the offender's conduct and compliance with the supervision conditions, with language that instead authorizes APA to classify the termination as "unfavorable" if the offender's conduct and compliance with the supervision conditions is unsatisfactory.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>
<p>Specifies that if APA does not classify the termination of PRC as "unfavorable," the offender's conduct and compliance with supervision conditions may not be considered as an "unfavorable" termination by a court when considering the factors described in the Felony Sentencing Law at a future sentencing hearing for a felony.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>
<p>Eliminates the reference to "favorable" in a provision that requires DRC to adopt a rule establishing the criteria for classification of a PRC termination as "favorable" or "unfavorable."</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>
<p>Fiscal effect: Potential minimal savings.</p>	<p>Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.</p>

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
<p>DRCCD19 Earned credit – expansion of maximum allowed</p>	<p>R.C. 2967.193, 2967.194</p> <p>In the law that, effective April 4, 2024, increases the maximum credit a prisoner may earn for participating in a DRC-approved program while confined from 8% to 15% of the prisoner's sentence, specifies that if a prisoner has met the 8% cap as of the bill's effective date, or reaches the 8% cap between that effective date and April 3, 2024, the cap is 15% of the prisoner's sentence. Stipulates that this change applies only with respect to the time the prisoner is confined between the bill's effective date and April 4, 2024, and the 15% cap that takes effect April 4, 2024, will apply only with respect to the time a prisoner is confined on or after that date.</p> <p>Fiscal effect: Potential incarceration cost savings, as certain offenders may be released from prison sooner than otherwise may have been the case under current law. Costs that DRC's Adult Parole Authority incurs to supervise such a prisoner subsequent to their release from prison may reduce the magnitude of these savings.</p>	<p>R.C. 2967.193, 2967.194</p> <p>Same as the House.</p> <p>Fiscal effect: Same as the House.</p>
<p>No provision.</p>		
<p>DRCCD20 Prison nursery doula program</p>	<p>R.C. 5120.658</p> <p>Establishes a five-year program in DRC for certified doulas to provide doula services to inmates participating in a prison nursery program.</p> <p>Specifies that any rules adopted are not subject to existing regulatory restriction reduction requirements.</p> <p>Fiscal effect: DRC's costs to operate the required doula program will depend on the number of inmates participating in any prison nursery program.</p>	<p>No provision.</p> <p>No provision.</p>
<p>No provision.</p>		
<p>No provision.</p>		

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
<p>DRCCD7 Ohio Penal Industries GED requirement</p> <p>R.C. 5145.161</p> <p>Requires DRC to allow prisoners working toward completion of a high school diploma or equivalent to participate in Ohio Penal Industries (OPI).</p> <p>Fiscal effect: Minimal impact on OPI revenues and expenditures.</p>	<p>R.C. 5145.161</p> <p>Same as the Executive.</p> <p>Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>R.C. 5145.161</p> <p>Same as the Executive.</p> <p>Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.</p>
<p>DRCCD17 Workers' compensation coverage for inmates working under a Federal Prison Industries Enhancement Certification Program</p> <p>R.C. 4123.543, 5145.163</p> <p>Eliminates a requirement that inmates participating in the Federal Prison Industries Enhancement Certification Program must be covered by a disability insurance policy to provide benefits for loss of earning capacity due to an injury and for medical treatment of the injury following the inmate's release from prison (For more detailed analysis of these changes, please see the Workers' compensation coverage for certain prison laborers section of the LSC Bill Analysis for H.B. 33.).</p> <p>Makes the inmates "employees" of DRC or the private participant in an enterprise under the program for workers compensation purposes, but for no other purpose.</p> <p>Allows an inmate who is injured or who contracts an occupational disease arising out of participation in authorized work activity in the program to file a workers' compensation claim while the claimant is in the custody of DRC.</p> <p>Allows a dependent of an inmate who is killed or dies as the result of an occupational disease contracted in the course of participation in authorized work activity in program to file a workers' compensation claim.</p>	<p>R.C. 4123.543, 5145.163</p> <p>Same as the Executive.</p> <p>Same as the Executive.</p> <p>Same as the Executive.</p> <p>Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>R.C. 5145.163</p> <p>Same as the Executive.</p> <p>Same as the Executive, but (1) instead of making the inmates employees, permits them to be, and (2) removes R.C. 4123.543 from the bill so that the provision only appears in R.C. 5145.163.</p> <p>Same as the Executive, but moves the provision from R.C. 4123.543 to R.C. 5145.163.</p> <p>Same as the Executive, but moves the provision from R.C. 4123.543 to R.C. 5145.163.</p>

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
Requires DRC to provide and pay for all medical care rendered to an inmate related to an injury or occupational disease while the inmate is imprisoned.	Same as the Executive.	No provision.
Allows a claimant to request a review by DRC’s chief medical officer, and in the event of an appeal, a medical evaluation from a medical practitioner affiliated within DRC’s network of third-party medical contractors or a medical practitioner in a workers' compensation managed care organization located in Franklin County.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive, but moves the provision from R.C. 4123.543 to R.C. 5145.163.
Prohibits compensation or benefits under a claim from being paid to a claimant during the period of a claimant's confinement in any correctional institution or county jail (this is consistent with a continuing law prohibition on receiving compensation or benefits while imprisoned) and requires any remaining amount of a claim to be paid to a claimant after the claimant is released from imprisonment.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive, but moves the provision from R.C. 4123.543 to R.C. 5145.163.
Allows the BWC Administrator to adopt necessary rules.	Same as the Executive.	No provision.
Allows DRC to approve a private party to participate in an employer model enterprise.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Fiscal effect: For DRC, (1) potential revenue gain from the utilization of inmate labor to produce goods or render services, and (2) potential expenditure increase to pay inmate wages and related payroll expenses, program operation and management expenses, and medical treatment of injured inmates while imprisoned. For the State Insurance Fund, (1) potential gain in DRC worker's compensation premiums and (2) potential increase to pay compensation and medical benefits to an inmate released from prison who was injured or who contracted an occupational disease arising out of participation in authorized work activity in the program.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.	Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
DRCCD14 Full Parole Board hearings		
R.C. 5149.101	R.C. 5149.101	R.C. 5149.101
Removes: (a) the ability for a Board hearing officer, a Board member, or the Office of Victims’ Services to petition the Board for a full Parole Board hearing that relates to the proposed parole or re-parole of a prisoner, including when the offense was committed by a minor, and (b) the requirement that, at such a meeting of the Board at which a majority of members are present, the majority of those present determine whether a full Board meeting will be held.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Provides that, if a victim of aggravated murder, murder, a felony offense of violence of the first, second, or third degree, or an offense punished by a sentence of life imprisonment, the victim’s representative, or specified family members of the victim (spouse, parent/parents, sibling, or child/children) requests a full Board hearing that relates to the proposed parole or re-parole of a prisoner that committed the violation, it must be through the Office of Victims’ Services (current law does not specify to whom such a request is to be made).	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Permits family members of the victim not specified above to request, through the Office of Victims’ Services, for the Board to hold a full Board hearing that relates to the proposed parole or re-parole of a person who committed aggravated murder, murder, a felony offense of violence of the first, second, or third degree, or an offense punished by a sentence of life imprisonment, and if such a request is made, requires the majority of those present at the Board meeting to determine whether a full Board hearing will be held.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
<p>Permits the prosecuting attorney to submit a request directly to the Board to hold a full Board hearing that relates to the proposed parole or re-parole of a person who committed aggravated murder, murder, a felony offense of violence of the first, second, or third degree, or an offense punished by a sentence of life imprisonment, and requires the Board to hold a full Board hearing.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>
<p>Allows the State Public Defender, when designated by DRC, to appear at a full Board hearing and to give testimony or to submit a written statement (unchanged is current law that requires the Board to permit counsel or another person designated by the prisoner as a representative to appear and to give testimony or to submit a written statement).</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>
<p>Fiscal effect: None, as largely codifies current practice.</p>	<p>Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.</p>
<p>DRCCD1 Expedited pardon initiative Section: 383.10 Earmarks up to \$750,000 in each fiscal year of GRF ALI 501321, Institutional Operations, to be used by DRC to support projects connecting rehabilitated citizens with community projects to advance the expedited pardon initiative and to help eligible individuals navigate the process and access clemency.</p>	<p>Section: 383.10 Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Section: 383.10 Same as the Executive, but reduces the earmark to \$500,000 in each fiscal year.</p>
<p>DRCCD2 OSU medical charges Section: 383.10 Requires The Ohio State University Medical Center, including the Arthur G. James Cancer Hospital and Richard J. Solove Research Institute and the Richard M. Ross Heart Hospital, at the request of DRC, to provide necessary care to persons who are confined in state adult correctional facilities.</p>	<p>Section: 383.10 Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Section: 383.10 Same as the Executive.</p>

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
Requires the provision of necessary inpatient care billed to DRC to be reimbursed at a rate not to exceed the authorized reimbursement rate for the same service established by the ODM under the Medicaid Program	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
DRCCD3 Transitional housing funding		
Section: 383.10	Section: 383.10	Section: 383.10
Requires, with regard to use of GRF ALI 501405, Halfway House, priority be given to residential providers that accept and place individuals released from institutions operated by DRC to the supervision of the Adult Parole Authority who were previously rejected by all other residential providers.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
DRCCD4 Adult Correctional Facilities Lease Rental Bond Payments		
Section: 383.10	Section: 383.10	Section: 383.10
Requires GRF ALI 501406, Adult Correctional Facilities Lease Rental Bond Payments, to be used to meet all payments during the biennium by DRC for leases and agreements for buildings. Specifies that the ALI is the source of funds pledged for bond service charges on related obligations issued under the state’s capital improvements and debt financing program.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
DRCCD5 Reentry employment grants		
Section: 383.10	Section: 383.10	Section: 383.10
Permits \$275,000 in each fiscal year from GRF ALI 503321, Parole and Community Operations, to be used for grants to nonprofit organizations that operate reentry employment programs that meet certain criteria.	Same as the Executive, but increases the amount earmarked for reentry employment grants to \$400,000 in each fiscal year.	Same as the House.

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
<p>DRCCD6 Probation Improvement and Incentive Grants</p> <p>Section: 383.10</p> <p>Requires Fund 5TZ0 ALI 501610, Probation Improvement and Incentive Grants, to be allocated by DRC to municipalities as grants with an emphasis on: (1) providing services to those addicted to opiates and other illegal substances, and (2) supplementing the programs and services funded by grants distributed from GRF ALI 501407, Community Nonresidential Programs.</p>	<p>Section: 383.10</p> <p>Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Section: 383.10</p> <p>Same as the Executive.</p>
<p>DRCCD18 Local Jail Grants</p> <p>No provision.</p>	<p>Section: 383.10</p> <p>Requires DRC: (1) to use Fund 5ZQ0 ALI 501505, Local Jail Grants, to provide grants for county jail construction and renovation projects, and (2) to accept and review applications and designate the projects involving the construction and renovation of county jails in the same manner as DRC administers funds appropriated for the same purpose from the Adult Correctional Building Fund. Permits DRC to consider applications for the reimbursement of county jail construction and renovation project expenditures that were incurred on or after July 1, 2021.</p>	<p>Section: 383.10</p> <p>Replaces the House provision with one that: (1) requires the appropriation to be used for construction and renovation of county jails, (2) requires DRC to designate the projects involving the construction and renovation of county jails, (3) permits DRC to review and approve the renovation and construction of projects for which funds are provided, (4) requires DRC to adopt guidelines to accept and review applications and designate projects, and (5) requires DRC to prioritize applications and projects based on certain specified criteria.</p>

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
DRCCD21 Anchored to Hope pilot program	<p>Section: 383.10</p> <p>Earmarks \$500,000 in FY 2024 from GRF ALI 503321, Parole and Community Operations, to be distributed directly to Anchored to Hope to fund a pilot program that will test the effectiveness of providing a full range of treatment services (medically assisted treatment, cognitive behavioral therapy, and behavioral intervention technologies) in reducing the recidivism of offenders in community-based correctional facilities and halfway houses. Requires Anchored to Hope to submit a report of its findings from the pilot program to the General Assembly by June 30, 2025.</p>	No provision.
DRCCD22 Ashland University Correctional Education Expansion Program	<p>Section: 383.10</p> <p>Earmarks \$700,000 in FY 2024 from GRF ALI 506321, Institution Education Services, for the Ashland University Correctional Education Expansion Program.</p>	<p>Section: 383.10</p> <p>Same as the House.</p>
DRCCD23 Felony prosecution cost reimbursement	<p>Section: 383.10</p> <p>Requires DRC to allocate an amount not to exceed \$250,000 in each fiscal year from GRF ALI 501321, Institutional Operations, to reimburse counties for their costs incurred in the prosecution of felonies that occur on the grounds of state correctional institutions operated by DRC. Specifies that eligible reimbursement costs include those incurred by the prosecuting attorney, indigent defense counsel, courts of common pleas, clerk of courts of common pleas, and the sheriff.</p>	No provision.

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
OBMCD37 Transfers out of the GRF		
Section: 512.10	Section: 512.10	Section: 512.10
Provides for the OBM Director to make the following transfers out of the GRF:	Same as the Executive, but changes the transfers as follows:	Same as the Executive, but changes the transfers as follows:
(1) Requires transfer of up to \$20,000,000 cash in FY 2024 to Fund 5MJ0 and changes the fund's name from the Tourism Fund to the State Marketing Office Fund;	(1) Same as the Executive, but does not change Fund 5MJ0's name.	(1) Same as the Executive, but reduces the transfer amount to \$15,000,000.
(2) Requires transfer of \$3,000,000 cash in FY 2024 to the Credit Score Cost Assistance Fund (Fund 5ZM0) and creates the fund.	(2) Same as the Executive.	(2) No provision.
(3) Permits transfer of up to \$24,129,706 cash in each fiscal year to the Targeted Addiction Program Fund (Fund 5TZ0).	(3) Same as the Executive, but increases the transfer amount to \$24,500,000 in FY 2024 and \$24,750,000 in FY 2025.	(3) Same as the Executive, but reduces the transfer to \$24,235,000 in FY 2024 and \$24,485,000 in FY 2025.
(4) Requires transfer of up to \$5,000,000 cash in each fiscal year to the Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, Iraq Compensation Fund (Fund 7041).	(4) Same as the Executive.	(4) Same as the Executive.
(5) Requires transfer of \$40,000,000 cash in FY 2024 to the Tobacco Use Prevention Fund (Fund 5BX0).	(5) Same as the Executive, but reduces the transfer to \$29,000,000.	(5) Same as the Executive, but reduces the transfer to \$15,000,000.
(6) Permits transfer of up to \$600,000,000 cash in each fiscal year to the Foundation Funding - All Students Fund (Fund 5VS0).	(6) Same as the Executive.	(6) Same as the Executive.
(7) Requires transfer of \$10,000,000 cash in FY 2024 to the State Board of Education Licensure Fund (Fund 4L20).	(7) Same as the Executive.	(7) No provision.
(8) Requires transfer of \$14,000,000 cash in FY 2024 to the OhioMeansJobs Workforce Development Revolving Loan Fund (Fund 5NH0); States that the purpose of the transfer is support of need-based financial aid to students who are enrolled in an educational program for an in-demand job.	(8) Same as the Executive, but increases the transfer amount to \$50,000,000 in FY 2024 and changes the stated purpose to support of the Talent Ready Grant Program.	(8) Same as the House, but decreases the transfer amount to \$20,000,000.
(9) No provision.	(9) Requires transfer of \$25,000,000 cash in FY 2024 to the Teacher Loan Repayment Fund (Fund 5WO0).	(9) No provision.

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
(10) Requires transfer of up to \$4,000,000 cash in FY 2024 to the Second Chance Grant Pilot Program Fund (Fund 5YD0).	(10) Same as the Executive.	(10) Same as the Executive.
(11) No provision.	(11) Requires the transfer of \$5,000,000 cash in FY 2024 and \$10,000,000 cash in FY 2025 to the Grow Your Own Teacher Program Fund (Fund 5ZY0).	(11) No provision.
(12) Permits, upon request of the DAS Director, transfer of up to \$2,500,000 cash in each fiscal year to the Information Technology Development Fund (Fund 5LJ0); States purpose of transfer is to support the operations of the Office of InnovateOhio.	(12) Same as the Executive.	(12) Same as the Executive.
(13) Requires transfer of \$6,600,000 cash in FY 2024 to the Professional Development Fund (Fund 5L70).	(13) Same as the Executive.	(13) Same as the Executive, but reduces the cash transfer to \$2,000,000.
(14) Requires transfer of \$511,000 cash in each fiscal year to the Wildlife Fund (Fund 7015).	(14) Same as the Executive but decreases the transfer amount to \$500,000 per year.	(14) Same as the House.
(15) No provision.	(15) Requires transfer of \$50,000,000 cash in each fiscal year to the Career-Technical Education Equipment Fund (Fund 5AD1) and creates the fund.	(15) No provision.
(16) Requires an amount of cash authorized by Section 529.10 of H.B. 687 of the 134th General Assembly to be transferred to support capital projects but not transferred as of June 30, 2023, to remain in the GRF.	(16) Same as the Executive.	(16) Same as the Executive.
(17) No provision.	(17) Requires transfer of \$14,000,000 cash in FY 2024 to the Meat Processing Investment Program Fund (Fund 5XX0).	(17) No provision (see OBMCD38).
(18) No provision.	(18) Requires transfer of \$6,100,000 cash in FY 2024 to the Sports Event Grant Fund (Fund 5UY0).	(18) Same as the House.
(19) No provision.	(19) Requires transfer of \$175,000,000 cash in each fiscal year to the Brownfield Remediation Fund (Fund 5YE0).	(19) No provision (see OBMCD38).
(20) No provision.	(20) Requires transfer of \$150,000,000 cash in FY 2024 to the Building Demolition and Site Revitalization Fund (Fund 5YF0).	(20) No provision (see OBMCD38).

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(21) No provision.	(21) Requires transfer of up to \$28,180,270 cash in FY 2024 and up to \$17,765,277 cash in FY 2025 to the Next Generation 911 Fund (Fund 5AB1).	(21) No provision (see OBMCD38).
(22) No provision.	(22) Requires transfer of up to \$20,701,661 cash in FY 2024 and \$25,831,020 cash in FY 2025 to the 988 Suicide and Crisis Response Fund (Fund 5AA1).	(22) No provision (see OBMCD38).
(23) No provision.	(23) Requires transfer of \$1,500,000 cash in each fiscal year to the Behavioral Health Care - Children Fund (Fund 5AU0).	(23) No provision.
(24) No provision.	(24) No provision.	(24) Requires transfer of \$6,000,000 in FY 2025 to the Electroencephalogram (EEG) Combined Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation Fund (Fund 5VV0).

OBMCD38 Fiscal year 2023 General Revenue Fund ending balance

Section: 513.10	Section: 513.10	Section: 513.10
Requires the OBM Director to determine the GRF surplus revenue that existed on June 30, 2023, and transfer cash, up to the actual surplus revenue amount, from the GRF as follows:	Same as the Executive, but changes the transfers as follows:	Same as the Executive, but changes the transfers as follows:
(1) Up to \$2,400,000,000 to the All Ohio Future Fund (Fund 5XM0);	(1) Same as the Executive, but decreases the amount of the transfer to \$500,000,000.	(1) Same as the Executive, but decreases the amount of the transfer to \$917,000,000.
(2) Up to \$1,000,000,000 to the Health and Human Services Reserve Fund (Fund 5SA4);	(2) No provision.	(2) No provision.
(3) Up to \$307,196,000 to the H2Ohio Fund (Fund 6H20);	(3) Same as the Executive.	(3) Same as the Executive, but decreases the cash transfer to \$270,000,000.
(4) Up to \$200,000,000 to the Career Technical Education Facilities Fund (Fund 5ZJ0);	(4) No provision.	(4) No provision.
(5) Up to \$50,000,000 to the Local Jail Grant Fund (Fund 5ZQ0);	(5) Same as the Executive, but increases the amount of the transfer to \$200,000,000.	(5) Same as the House, but decreases the transfer amount to \$75,000,000.
(6) Up to \$190,000,000 to the EXPO 2050 Fund (Fund 5ZN0);	(6) Same as the Executive.	(6) No provision.

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
(7) Up to \$150,000,000 to the Innovation Hubs Fund (Fund 5ZK0);	(7) Same as the Executive but reduces the transfer amount to \$25,000,000.	(7) Same as the House, but increases the transfer amount to \$50,000,000.
(8) Up to \$140,000,000 to the Statewide Treatment and Prevention Fund (Fund 4750);	(8) No provision.	(8) Same as the Executive, but decreases the transfer amount to \$10,000,000.
(9) Up to \$125,000,000 to the Rail Safety Crossing Fund (Fund 5ZP0);	(9) No provision.	(9) Same as the Executive, but reduces the amount of the transfer to \$100,000,000.
(10) Up to \$65,000,000 to the Veterans Homes Modernization Fund (Fund 5Z00);	(10) Same as the Executive.	(10) Same as the Executive.
(11) No provision.	(11) Up to \$102,000,000 cash to the Local Projects Fund (Fund 5ZZ0);	(11) No provision.
(12) Up to \$50,000,000 to the Controlling Board Emergency Purposes/Contingencies Fund (Fund 5KM0);	(12) Same as the Executive.	(12) Same as the Executive.
(13) No provision.	(13) Up to \$150,000,000 cash to the Downtown Development Grant Fund (Fund 5ZU0);	(13) No provision.
(14) No provision.	(14) Up to \$50,000,000 cash to the Township Development Grant Fund (Fund 5ZV0);	(14) No provision.
(15) No provision.	(15) Up to \$25,000,000 cash to the Cultural Center Grant Fund (Fund 5ZW0);	(15) No provision.
(16) No provision.	(16) Up to \$25,000,000 cash to the County and Independent Fairs Grant Fund (Fund 5ZX0);	(16) No provision.
(17) No provision.	(17) Up to \$196,260,000 cash to the Third Frontier Research and Development Bond Retirement Fund (Fund 7070);	(17) No provision.
(18) No provision.	(18) Up to \$18,340,000 cash to the Coal Research and Development Bond Retirement Fund (Fund 7076);	(18) No provision.
(19) No provision.	(19) \$54,558,000 cash to the newly created Hospital Relief Fund (Fund 5AE1);	(19) No provision.
(20) No provision.	(20) Up to \$50,000,000 cash to the Airport Development Grants Fund (Fund 5AC1);	(20) No provision.

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
(21) No provision.	(21) Up to \$1,000,000,000 cash to the Connect4Ohio Fund (Fund 5ZR0);	(21) No provision.
(22) No provision.	(22) Up to \$100,000,000 cash to the newly created Super RAPIDS Fund (Fund 5AH1);	(22) Same as the House.
(23) No provision.	(23) Up to \$33,000,000 cash to the newly created Accelerated School Assistance Program Fund (Fund 5AG1);	(23) No provision.
(24) No provision.	(24) \$30,000,000 cash to the newly created Child Care Infrastructure Fund (Fund 5AK1);	(24) Same as the House, but decreases the amount of the transfer to \$15,000,000;
(25) No provision.	(25) Up to \$50,000,000 cash to the Broadband Pole Replacement Fund (Fund 5AI1);	(25) No provision.
(26) No provision.	(26) Up to \$30,000,000 cash to the newly created Foodbanks Fund (Fund 5AJ1);	(26) No provision.
(27) No provision.	(27) Up to \$5,000,000 cash to the newly created Ohio Aviation Workforce Innovation Fund (Fund 5AF1).	(27) No provision.
(28) No provision.	(28) No provision.	(28) Up to \$11,300,000 cash to the BOE Reimbursement and Education Fund (Fund 5FG0);
(29) No provision.	(29) No provision. (See OBMCD37)	(29) Up to \$350,000,000 cash to the Brownfield Remediation Fund (Fund 5YE0);
(30) No provision.	(30) No provision. (See OBMCD37)	(30) Up to \$150,000,000 cash to the Building Demolition and Site Revitalization Fund (Fund 5YF0);
(31) No provision.	(31) No provision. (See OBMCD37)	(31) Up to \$45,945,547 cash to the Next Generation 911 Fund (Fund 5AB1);
(32) No provision.	(32) No provision. (See OBMCD37)	(32) Up to \$46,532,681 cash to the 988 Suicide and Crisis Response Fund (Fund 5AA1);
(33) No provision.	(33) No provision.	(33) \$3,500,000 cash to the newly created Capitol Square Improvement Fund (Fund 5AN1);
(34) No provision.	(34) No provision. (See OBMCD37)	(34) Up to \$14,000,000 cash to the Meat Processing Investment Program Fund (Fund 5XX0);

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
(35) No provision.	(35) No provision.	(35) \$4,000,000 cash to the newly created University Dental School Fund (Fund 5AO1);
(36) No provision.	(36) No provision.	(36) Up to \$1,000,000,000 cash to the newly created One Time Strategic Community Investments Fund (Fund 5AY1).
(37) No provision.	(37) No provision.	(37) \$100,000,000 cash to the Welcome Home Ohio Fund (Fund 5AP1);
(38) No provision.	(38) No provision.	(38) Up to \$2,500,000 cash to the Statewide Children’s Vision Initiative Fund (Fund 5AT1);
(39) No provision.	(39) No provision.	(39) Up to \$160,148,000 cash to the Literacy Improvement Fund (Fund 5AQ1);
(40) No provision.	(40) No provision.	(40) Up to \$5,000,000 cash to the newly created Data Analysis Transparency Fund (Fund 5AS1);
(41) No provision.	(41) No provision.	(41) \$991,000,000 cash to the newly created Expanded Sales Tax Holiday Fund (Fund 5AX1);
(42) No provision.	(42) No provision.	(42) Up to \$6,500,000 cash to the newly created Cyber Security/Technology Upgrades Fund (Fund 5AW1);
(43) No provision.	(43) No provision.	(43) Up to \$1,000,000 cash to the newly created Orphan Rail Fund (Fund 5AV1);
(44) No provision.	(44) No provision.	(44) Up to \$10,000,000 cash to the newly created Wayside Detector Grant Fund (Fund 5AU1);
(45) No provision.	(45) No provision.	(45) \$5,000,000 cash to the newly created eWarrant Local Integration Fund (Fund 5AZ1);
Requires that the remaining amount of the surplus revenue remain in the GRF.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
FCCCD14 Jail facility construction funding	R.C. 342., 5705.234	
No provision.	Creates a financing system for the state to aid counties in constructing or renovating county jail facilities.	No provision.
No provision.	Requires TAX biennially to rank all counties, after which OFCC invites certain low ranking counties to apply and conducts an on-site assessment of existing jail facilities to determine need.	No provision.
No provision.	Requires OFCC to approve a project only if the project conforms to DRC standards and keeps with the county's needs as determined by the assessment, and the county can prove it can generate adequate revenue to fund the county's share of the basic project cost, and its operations and maintenance.	No provision.
No provision.	Specifies the means by which a county may generate revenue for its share of the project cost, and prohibits counties from submitting, as evidence of adequate funding, any proposal to rent any portion of the jail facility to other political subdivisions.	No provision.
No provision.	Sets a county's share at 1% of the basic project cost times the percentile in which the county ranks according to OFCC's funding formula, with a cap at 75%. Requires the Controlling Board to approve or reject OFCC's determination, the amount of the state's share of the basic project cost, and the amount of the state's share to be encumbered in the current fiscal year.	No provision.
No provision.	Prohibits the Controlling Board from approving a project if the county had a project approved in the last 20 years, unless the county demonstrates an exceptional increase in need.	No provision.
No provision.	Requires, if the county has met its share of the basic project cost, OFCC to enter an agreement with the board of county commissioners or the multicounty jail facilities construction commission (MCJFC), and specifies its terms.	No provision.

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
No provision.	Requires the board of county commissioners or MCJFC, after entering the agreement, and if applicable, to issue bonds or notes in anticipation of the agreement.	No provision.
No provision.	Requires the board or MCJFC to employ a qualified professional to prepare data the board or MCJFC, and OFCC consider necessary for the project.	No provision.
No provision.	Requires, if the proposed facility is located within one mile of a state route or highway, the plans also be approved by the ODOT Director.	No provision.
No provision.	Requires the board or MCJFC to advertise for construction bids using competitive bidding and award the lowest responsible and responsive bidder within 60 days of advertising, and requires that bidder to accept the contract within 10 days of the award.	No provision.
No provision.	Allows the board or MCJFC to reject all bids and readvertise, with OFCC permission.	No provision.
No provision.	Requires OFCC to determine the amount of appropriations to be encumbered for any project, based on its estimated construction schedule for that year.	No provision.
No provision.	Requires OFCC to grant ongoing projects priority for state funds over projects seeking initial state funding.	No provision.
No provision.	Requires the county auditor to disburse county project construction funds upon the approval of OFCC, which then must issue vouchers against the fund as required.	No provision.
No provision.	Allows the board of county commissioners to use all or part of the fund's investment earnings that are attributable to the county's contribution to pay the cost of jail facilities, which are not part of the basic project cost.	No provision.

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
No provision.	Requires, after project completion, any remaining investment earnings to be retained in the county construction fund or transferred to a project maintenance fund, the county's permanent improvement fund, or OFCC, as appropriate.	No provision.
No provision.	Permits multiple counties to form a MCJFC, approved by OFCC, and build a multi-county jail facility.	No provision.
No provision.	Provides that if the voters of one of the counties in a MCJFC fail to approve the funds for that county's portion, the other contracting counties are not obliged to pay it.	No provision.
No provision.	Creates the Jail Facility Building Fund in the state treasury.	No provision.
No provision.	States that OFCC has an interest in real property purchased with moneys in the county's project construction fund until obligations are no longer outstanding.	No provision.
No provision.	Requires OFCC to issue a certificate of completion upon project completion, and certification that the project meets the state's minimum standards.	No provision.
No provision.	Establishes the corrective action program to provide funding for the correction of defective or omitted work.	No provision.

Executive

As Passed By House

As Passed By Senate

Fiscal effect: The fiscal impact will depend on how much money is transferred or appropriated to the Jail Facility Building Fund by the General Assembly and any grants, gifts, or contributions received by OFCC. Counties receiving a minimum of 25% state funding through the jail construction funding process could save between \$2.3 million and \$6.9 million for the construction of a 100-bed facility. A portion of moneys appropriated from the fund may be used to cover costs incurred by OFCC to evaluate county needs, manage projects, and to perform and manage needs assessments, all of which may require additional resources, staff, or both. The bill authorizes counties, with voter approval, to levy property taxes for jail operation and debt service on bonds for jail construction.

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
<p>GOVCD3 Electronic notification, meeting, and data storage law changes</p>	<p>Section: 130.20, 130.21 to 130.28; numerous R.C. sections</p>	<p>Section: 130.20, 130.21 to 130.28; numerous R.C. sections</p>
<p>Section: 130.20, 130.21 to 130.28; numerous R.C. sections Implements a 2020 initiative of the Common Sense Initiative to make changes throughout the Revised Code to partly reflect the advancements in technology related to notifications, meetings, data storage, and certain other government functions. (For more detailed analysis of these changes, please see the Electronic Notification and Meetings section (pages 311-338) of the LSC Bill Analysis for H.B. 33.)</p>	<p>Section: 130.20, 130.21 to 130.28; numerous R.C. sections Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Section: 130.20, 130.21 to 130.28; numerous R.C. sections Same as the Executive, with technical changes.</p>
<p>Makes specific changes, including removal of obsolete provisions, to facilitate the use of electronic communications, including websites, in the daily operations for the following entities: CAC, COM, DODD, ODE, Ohio EPA, INS, ODJFS, ODPS, PUCO, TAX, ODOT, and ODWIS.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive, with technical changes.</p>
<p>Modifies the type of communication media through which a required notice of events or services may be made by generally adding the option of electronic, including email, delivery or mail delivery by a commercial/common carrier and removing the outdated telegraph method for the following entities: CEB, CAC, COM, ODE, Ohio EPA, ODJFS, ODM, ODNR, PUCO, DRC, ODWIS, and municipalities.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive, with technical changes.</p>
<p>Permits meeting via electronic means, instead of in-person meetings, on specified matters provided that the meetings still allow for interactive public attendance for the following entities: Ohio Advisory Council for the Aging, Internet- or computer-based community schools, school districts or other public schools, ODPS-Register of Motor Vehicles, counties, townships, and municipalities.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive, with technical changes.</p>

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
<p>Permits or requires the establishment of electronic means of submission for such services as licensure, approvals, and other by the following entities: ODNR’s Division of Oil and Gas Resources Management, school districts, ODE, solid waste management districts, and courts of record.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive, with technical changes.</p>
<p>Modifies or removes references related to creating or retaining stenographic records of certain proceedings for the following entities: COM, ODNR, ODE, school districts, Ohio EPA, and ODWIS.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive, with technical changes.</p>
<p>Fiscal effect: TAX has estimated savings of approximately \$3.4 million per year for the agency. Ohio EPA has estimated annual savings of over \$750,000. Other affected state agencies will also likely realize some administrative cost savings as will affected local governments.</p>	<p>Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.</p>

Executive

As Passed By House

As Passed By Senate

JSCCD15 Changes related to S.B. 288 of the 134th General Assembly

R.C. 2930.20, 2743.671, 2907.13, 2907.231, 2925.11, 2929.20, 2930.06, 2930.171, 2935.10, 2953.31, 2953.32, 2953.33, 2953.34, 2953.39, 2967.131, 2967.26, 4511.204, 4731.862

No provision.

No provision.

Makes a series of changes to the Criminal Code to correct inconsistencies, ambiguities, oversights, and technical issues created by the passage of S.B. 288 of the 134th General Assembly.

Fiscal effect: Minimal.

Executive

As Passed By House

As Passed By Senate

Special Programs

MCD52 Doula services

No provision.

R.C. 5164.071

Establishes a five-year program in ODM to cover doula services provided to a Medicaid enrollee by a certified doula with a Medicaid provider agreement.

Fiscal effect: Costs will depend on reimbursement rates set for doula services, and the number of Medicaid enrollees who choose to receive doula services.

No provision.

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
MHACD20 Community Innovations		
Section: 337.90	Section: 337.90	Section: 337.90
Permits GRF ALI 336504, Community Innovations, to be used by OhioMHAS to make targeted investments in programs, projects, or systems operated by or under the authority of other state agencies, governmental entities, or private not-for-profit agencies that impact, or are impacted by, the operations and functions of OhioMHAS, with the goal of achieving a net reduction in expenditure of GRF funds and/or improved outcomes for Ohio citizens without a net increase in GRF spending.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Requires the OhioMHAS Director to identify and evaluate programs, projects, or systems proposed or operated outside of OhioMHAS' authority, where targeted investment of funds is expected to decrease demand for OhioMHAS or other resources funded from GRF, and/or to measurably improve outcomes for Ohio citizens with mental illness or with alcohol, drug, or gambling addictions.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Grants the OhioMHAS Director discretion to provide funds from GRF ALI 336504 to private not-for-profit agencies in amounts determined most likely to achieve state savings and/or improved outcomes.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Requires OhioMHAS to enter into an agreement with each recipient receiving funds and specifies what information is to be identified in the agreement.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Earmarks \$3,000,000 in each fiscal year in GRF ALI 336504 to be used to support workforce development initiatives.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.
Earmarks \$1,500,000 in each fiscal year in GRF ALI 336504 to be used to mitigate behavioral health disparities.	Same as the Executive.	Same as the Executive.

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
<p>Earmarks \$1,250,000 in each fiscal year in GRF ALI 336504 to be used to establish additional clubhouses for the purpose of offering individuals with a mental illness or mental illness and co-occurring substance use disorder opportunities for employment, housing, education, and access to medical and psychiatric services in a single caring and safe environment. Requires the clubhouses to be operated in accordance with model standards and employment benchmarks selected by OhioMHAS.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>
<p>Earmarks \$1,000,000 in each fiscal year in GRF ALI 336504 to be used by OhioMHAS, in partnership with DRC and OHFA, to establish a landlord incentive program to encourage the leasing of rental units to individuals with a criminal record who have a mental illness, substance use disorder, or both, or are being discharged from a hospital, and reimburse landlords for small repairs in these rental units to ensure that they conform with Housing Quality Standards. Requires that OhioMHAS establish procedures and guidelines regarding distribution of these funds.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>	<p>Same as the Executive.</p>
<p>No provision.</p>	<p>Earmarks \$250,000 in each fiscal year in GRF ALI 336504, Community Innovations, for Northeast Ohio Medical University (NEOMED) or another entity to deliver statewide continuing training and education to professionals on the identification and treatment of alcohol and other substance use disorders with medications approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.</p>	<p>Same as the House.</p>

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
<p>NURCD1 Doula registry and advisory board</p>	<p>R.C. 4723.89, 4723.90</p>	
<p>No provision.</p>	<p>Requires NUR to establish standards and procedures for issuing certificates to doulas and outlines requirements that should be addressed in rule, including the establishment of certificate application and renewal fees, as well as a waiver of those fees for applicants with a family income below 300% FPL.</p>	<p>No provision.</p>
<p>No provision.</p>	<p>Requires NUR to develop and regularly update a registry of doulas, which is to be made available on the NUR website.</p>	<p>No provision.</p>
<p>No provision.</p>	<p>Establishes the Doula Advisory Board within NUR, which will meet during the five year period that the Medicaid program covers doula services (see MCD52). Establishes the Board's membership and duties and requires NUR to provide meeting space, staff, and other technical assistance required for the Board to carry out its duties.</p>	<p>No provision.</p>
	<p>Fiscal effect: NUR will realize administrative and information technology costs to certify doulas and establish a registry. However, NUR could realize a gain in certification revenue. NUR will realize per diem and reimbursement expenses for the Advisory Board.</p>	

Executive	As Passed By House	As Passed By Senate
DYSCD5 Modify place juvenile is held		
No provision.	No provision.	<p>R.C. 2152.261, 2152.26</p> <p>Permits the DYS Director, if certain specified conditions apply, to request the prosecuting attorney or juvenile court to file a motion to modify the place at which is a person held.</p>
No provision.	No provision.	<p>Requires the motion to state that there is reasonable cause to believe that certain specified misconduct has occurred after the person reached 18 years of age.</p>
No provision.	No provision.	<p>Permits DYS, if the prosecuting attorney declines to file a motion or fails to act on a request within five days of the request, to notify the juvenile court of the specified misconduct. Permits the juvenile court, upon its own motion, to seek to modify the place at which the person is held.</p>
No provision.	No provision.	<p>Requires the juvenile court, within 20 days of the filing of a motion, to hold a hearing to determine whether to modify the place at which the person is held. Requires the person who is the subject of the motion to have certain rights.</p>
No provision.	No provision.	<p>Permits the juvenile court, upon certain findings by clear and convincing evidence, to modify the place the person is held from a DYS facility to a DRC facility.</p>
No provision.	No provision.	<p>Requires, upon the juvenile court modifying the place at which the person is held, DYS transfer the person to DRC. Requires the time the person must serve on the sentence originally imposed by the juvenile be reduced by the number of days held in detention or confinement.</p>
No provision.	No provision.	<p>Requires (1) any community control imposed as part of the adult sentence or as a condition of judicial release from prison be under the supervision of the entity that provides adult probation services in the county, and (2) any post-release control imposed after the person is released from prison to be supervised by the APA.</p>

Executive

As Passed By House

As Passed By Senate

Fiscal effect: Potential cost for counties and DYS will depend on the number of motions filed annually, and decrease in DYS incarceration cost and increase in DRC incarceration cost will depend on the number of persons transferred from DYS to DRC annually.